

12X 12746 U Page 1 of 4 December 2009

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CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

12X 12746 (batch U)

Certified Reference Material Information

Type: LOW-ALLOY STEEL (WROUGHT)

Form and Size: Disc 40mm Diameter x 15mm Thickness

Manufactured by: Polycast Ltd

Certified and Supplied by: MBH Analytical Ltd

Assigned Values

Percentage element by weight

Element	С	Si	S	Р	Mn	Ni	Cr	Мо
Value 1	0.0132	0.183	0.064	0.0247	1.70	0.161	0.182	0.654
Uncertainty ²	0.0009	0.005	0.002	0.0015	0.02	0.004	0.003	0.008

Element	Cu	Со	Sn	Al	V	W	Ti	As
Value ¹	0.368	0.115	0.202	0.021	0.0160	0.101	0.0283	0.049
Uncertainty ²	0.005	0.002	0.004	0.003	0.0008	0.005	0.0014	0.003

Definitions

- The assigned values are the present best estimates of the true content for each element. Each value is a panel consensus, based on the averaged results of an interlaboratory testing programme, detailed on page 3.
- The uncertainty values are generated from the 95% confidence interval derived from the wet analysis results, in combination with a statistical assessment of the homogeneity data, as described on page 2.

Certified by:		on 15 th December 2009
MBH ANALYTICAL LIMITED _		<u></u>
	C Eveleigh	

Method of Preparation

This reference material was produced from commercial-purity metals and master alloys. The discs are the product of one melt, cast into 70mm diameter billets and hot worked into bars of ~42mm diameter.

Sampling

Milled samples for chemical analysis were taken from several positions within the batch. In addition, at least 15% of all discs were selected for homogeneity checking.

Homogeneity

The discs were checked for lateral and batch uniformity using an optical emission spectrometer.

Using the meaned data from each surface, standard deviation values were derived for each element as an indicator of any non-homogeneity (as determined for the specific sample size taken by the spectrometer).

Chemical Analysis

Analysis was carried out on millings taken from samples representative of the product. It was performed by a panel of laboratories mostly operating within the terms of EN ISO/IEC 17025 - 2005 using documented standard reference methods and validated by appropriate reference materials.

The individual values listed overpage are the average of each analyst's results.

Estimation of Uncertainties

Each element certified has been analysed by several laboratories, and 95% half-width confidence intervals (C_(95%)) for the resultant mean values have been derived by the method shown on page 3.

As a separate exercise, the degree of non-homogeneity of the batch for each element has been quantified by a programme of non-destructive application testing, discussed above.

The final certified uncertainty for each element has been derived by combining these two factors, using the square-root of the summed squares.

Traceability

Much of the analytical work performed to assess this material has been carried out by laboratories with proven competence, as indicated by their accreditation to ISO 17025. It is an implicit requirement for this accreditation that analytical work should be performed with due traceability, via an unbroken chain of comparisons, each with stated uncertainty, to primary standards such as the mole, or to nationally- or internationally-recognised reference materials. In addition, some of the results derived as part of this testing programme have traceability to NIST standards, as part of the analytical calibration or process control.

<u>Usage</u>

Intended use: With optical emission and X-ray fluorescence spectrometers.

Recommended method of use:

Steels are generally prepared by grinding. However, users are recommended to follow the calibration and sample preparation procedures specified by the relevant instrument manufacturer. Preparation should be the same for reference materials and the samples for test.

A minimum of five consistent replicate analyses is recommended to provide the necessary sample size. Users are advised to check against possible bias between reference materials and production samples due to differences in metallurgical history, and be aware of possible interelement effects.

Analytical Data

C (95%)

0.005

0.002

	-	_	<u>Percenta</u>	age element l	by weight			
Sample	С	Si	S	Р	Mn	Ni	Cr	Мо
1	0.012	0.173	0.0598	0.0221	1.65	0.155	0.175	0.632
2	0.0121	0.175	0.0615	0.0228	1.660	0.156	0.176	0.637
3	0.0128	0.176	0.0621	0.0232	1.664	0.156	0.178	0.643
4	0.0129	0.180	0.0623	0.025	1.694	0.156	0.178	0.646
5	0.013	0.181	0.0628	0.0250	1.697	0.158	0.180	0.652
6	0.0133	0.184	0.0635	0.025	1.701	0.162	0.183	0.653
7	0.0134	0.188	0.0646	0.0258	1.702	0.163	0.185	0.655
8	0.0139	0.189	0.0647	0.026	1.711	0.164	0.185	0.656
9	0.0151	0.193	0.0648	0.0260	1.714	0.168	0.186	0.657
10		0.194	0.0652	0.0262	1.719	0.171	0.189	0.663
11			0.0663		1.757		0.190	0.667
12			0.0674					0.671
13			0.0684					0.675
Mean	0.0132	0.183	0.0641	0.0247	1.697	0.161	0.182	0.654
Std Dev	0.0009	0.008	0.0024	0.0015	0.030	0.006	0.005	0.013
C _(95%)	0.0007	0.005	0.0015	0.0011	0.020	0.004	0.003	0.008
Sample	Cu	Co	Sn	Al	V	w	Ti	As
1	0.352	0.110	0.191	0.0162	0.0140	0.0930	0.0250	0.0447
2	0.359	0.112	0.194	0.0163	0.0146	0.0965	0.025	0.0450
3	0.361	0.112	0.195	0.0166	0.0148	0.0967	0.0252	0.0450
4	0.362	0.113	0.196	0.0185	0.0152	0.0992	0.026	0.0455
5	0.363	0.113	0.200	0.0213	0.0153	0.100	0.0268	0.0470
6	0.364	0.114	0.201	0.022	0.0155	0.1005	0.0269	0.0478
7	0.365	0.115	0.201	0.0221	0.0158	0.1009	0.0281	0.051
8	0.367	0.116	0.202	0.0225	0.0163	0.103	0.0287	0.0510
9	0.373	0.117	0.206	0.0242	0.0167	0.1044	0.0291	0.0539
10	0.374	0.118	0.206	0.0265	0.0174	0.1065	0.0293	0.0551
11	0.374	0.118	0.208		0.0175	0.1078	0.0305	
12	0.375	0.118	0.210		0.0175		0.0308	
13	0.377	0.121	0.211		0.018		0.0320	
14	0.379						0.0321	
Mean	0.368	0.115	0.202	0.021	0.0160	0.101	0.0283	0.049
Std Dev	0.008	0.003	0.006	0.004	0.0013	0.004	0.0025	0.004

Note: $C_{(95\%)}$ is the 95% half-width confidence interval derived from the equation:

0.004

 $C_{(95\%)} = (t \times SD)/\sqrt{n}$

0.003

0.0008

0.003

0.0014

0.003

where n is the number of available values, t is the Student's t value for n-1 degrees of freedom, and SD is the standard deviation of the test results.

Participating Laboratories

ATI AllVac Ltd
Bodycote Materials Testing
IncoTest Ltd
Metals Technology (Testing) Ltd
Sheffield Assay Office
Universal Scientific Laboratory
Genitest, Inc
Institute of Iron and Steel Technology
Luo Yang Copper Co
Sargam Metals Pvt Ltd
TCR Engineering Services Ltd
Raghavendra Spectrometallurgical Lab.
Coleshill Laboratories Ltd

Sheffield, England
Middlesbrough, England
Hereford, England
Sheffield, England
Sheffield, England
Milperra, NSW, Australia
Montreal, Canada
Shanghai, China
Luo Yang, He Nan, China
Chennai, India
Mumbai, India
Bangalore, India
Birmingham, England
Rotherham, England

UKAS accreditation 1385 UKAS accreditation 0239 UKAS accreditation 0281 UKAS accreditation 0963 UKAS accreditation 0012 NATA accreditation 0492 PRI accreditation 123077 CNAL accreditation 0783 CNAL accreditation 0173 NABL accreditation 0025 NABL accreditation 0367 NABL accreditation 0371

Note: to achieve the above-noted accreditation (eg UKAS, NATA, etc), test houses must demonstrate conformity to the general requirements of EN ISO/IEC 17025.

Analytical Methods Used

London & Scandinavian Met. Co Ltd

ELEMENT	RESULT No. & METHOD								
	ICP-AES	FAAS		OTHER					
Carbon	-	-	all	combustion (IR or volumetric detection)					
Silicon	1, 4-7, 10	-	2, 3, 9	gravimetric (perchloric acid)					
			8	photometric (molybdenum blue)					
Sulfur	1	-	2-13	combustion (IR or volumetric detection)					
Phosphorus	1-3, 5, 8	-	4, 6, 7	photometric (molybdenum blue)					
			9, 10	volumetric (alkalimetric)					
Manganese	1-4, 6, 8, 10	5	7, 9	photometric (periodate)					
-			11	volumetric (arsenite)					
Nickel	2-4, 6, 8, 10	5, 7	1, 9	photometric (dimethyl glyoxime)					
Chromium	1, 3, 6, 8-11	2, 5, 7	4	volumetric (FAS)					
Molybdenum	2-4, 6, 8, 10, 11, 13	1, 5, 9	7, 12	photometric (thiocyanate)					
Copper	1, 2, 6, 8, 10-14	3-5, 7	9	photometric (BCO)					
Cobalt		3, 6, 7, 9							
Tin	1, 2, 4, 5, 8, 10-13	3, 6, 7, 9							
Aluminium	2-4, 6, 8, 9	1, 5, 10	7	photometric (chrome azurol S)					
Vanadium	2, 4, 6-8, 10-13	5	1, 3	volumetric (FAS)					
			9	ICP-MS					
Tungsten	4-7, 9-11	1	2	gravimetric (cinchonine)					
			3, 8	volumetric (titanium chloride)					
Titanium	1-3, 5-8, 10, 12	13, 14	4, 9	photometric (di-antipyryl methane)					
			11	ICP-MS					
Arsenic	2-4, 6, 7, 9	5, 8, 10	1	ICP-MS					

Notes

This Certified Reference Material has been produced and certified in accordance with the requirements of ISO Guide 34-2000, ISO Guide 31-2000 and ISO Guide 35-2006, taking into account the requirements of the ISO Guide to the Expression of Uncertainty in Measurement (GUM).

This certification is applicable to the whole of the disc. However, in accordance with normal practice for OES, it is appropriate to avoid usage of the central portion of approx 6mm diameter.

This material will remain stable indefinitely, provided adequate precautions are taken to protect it from cross-contamination, extremes of temperature and atmospheric moisture. All production records will be retained for a period of 20 years from the date of this certificate. This certification will therefore expire in December 2029, although we reserve the right to make changes as issue revisions, in the intervening period.

This sample is also available in the form of chippings.

The manufacture, analysis and certification of this product were supervised by C Eveleigh, PhD, Technical Director, MBH Analytical Ltd.

The material to which this certificate of analysis refers is supplied subject to our general conditions of sale.