

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

13X 14216 (batch P)

Certified Reference Material Information

Type: SPECIAL STAINLESS STEEL (CONTINUOUS CAST)
Form and Size: Disc, 40mm diameter
Manufactured by: Shenzhen Mingzhenwei Technology, China
Certified and Supplied by: MBH Analytical Ltd

Assigned Values

Percentage element by weight

Element	C	Si	S	P	Mn	Ni	Cr
Value ¹	0.0424	1.566	0.0070	0.0048	0.663	12.06	23.44
Uncertainty ²	0.0013	0.014	0.0003	0.0003	0.003	0.06	0.12

Element	Mo	Cu	Co	V	Nb	W	N
Value ¹	0.209	0.231	0.248	0.0722	0.248	2.25	0.0152
Uncertainty ²	0.005	0.003	0.003	0.0011	0.005	0.02	0.0005

Definitions

- ¹ The assigned values are the present best estimates of the true content for each element. Each value is a panel consensus, based on the averaged results of an interlaboratory testing programme, detailed on page 3.
- ² The uncertainty values are generated from the 95% confidence interval derived from the wet analysis results, in combination with a statistical assessment of the homogeneity data, as described on page 2.

Certified by:

MBH ANALYTICAL LIMITED _____

on 1st March 2016

C Eveleigh



Method of Preparation

This reference material was produced by continuous casting, and is presented as-cast. The details of the preparation process are unknown.

Sampling

Samples for chemical analysis were taken from various positions throughout the batch. Approximately 10% of all discs were selected for non-destructive homogeneity testing.

Homogeneity

The discs were checked for lateral segregation, and for local and batch homogeneity using an optical emission spectrometer.

Using the combined data from each surface, standard deviation values were derived for each element as an indicator of any non-homogeneity (as determined for the specific sample size taken by the spectrometer).

Chemical Analysis

Analysis was carried out on millings taken from samples representative of the product. It was performed by a panel of laboratories mostly operating within the terms of EN ISO/IEC 17025 - 2005, using documented standard reference methods and validated by appropriate reference materials.

The individual values listed overpage are the average of each analyst's results.

Estimation of Uncertainties

Each element certified has been analysed by several laboratories, and 95% half-width confidence intervals ($C_{(95\%)}$) for the resultant mean values have been derived by the method shown on page 3.

As a separate exercise, the degree of non-homogeneity of the batch for each element has been quantified by a programme of non-destructive application testing, discussed above.

The final certified uncertainty for each element has been derived by combining these two factors, using the square-root of the summed squares.

Traceability

Much of the analytical work performed to assess this material has been carried out by laboratories with proven competence, as indicated by their accreditation to ISO 17025. It is an implicit requirement for this accreditation that analytical work should be performed with due traceability, via an unbroken chain of comparisons, each with stated uncertainty, to primary standards such as the mole, or to nationally- or internationally-recognised reference materials. In addition, some of the results derived as part of this testing programme have traceability to NIST standards, as part of the analytical calibration or process control.

Usage

Intended use: With optical emission and X-ray fluorescence spectrometers.

Recommended method of use: Steels are generally prepared by milling, turning or grinding. However, users are recommended to follow the calibration and sample preparation procedures specified by the relevant instrument manufacturer. Preparation should be the same for reference materials and the samples for test.

A minimum of five consistent replicate analyses is recommended to provide the necessary sample size. Users are advised to check against possible bias between reference materials and production samples due to differences in metallurgical history, and be aware of possible inter-element effects.

Analytical Data

Percentage element by weight

Sample	C	Si	S	P	Mn	Ni	Cr
1	0.0402	1.527	0.0062	0.0041	0.6533	11.945	23.225
2	0.0405	1.535	0.0065	0.0041	0.6581	11.948	23.305
3	0.0412	1.547	0.0065	0.0041	0.6593	12.011	23.310
4	0.0414	1.558	0.0068	0.0043	0.6596	12.025	23.330
5	0.0419	1.560	0.0069	0.0044	0.6600	12.030	23.343
6	0.0419	1.565	0.0069	0.0045	0.6612	12.056	23.418
7	0.0424	1.570	0.0070	0.0049	0.6612	12.081	23.510
8	0.0425	1.570	0.0070	0.0049	0.6640	12.096	23.536
9	0.0427	1.582	0.0070	0.0050	0.6642	12.099	23.540
10	0.0428	1.583	0.0071	0.0051	0.6650	12.113	23.562
11	0.0429	1.584	0.0071	0.0052	0.6651	12.130	23.580
12	0.0430	1.586	0.0071	0.0052	0.6666	12.134	23.627
13	0.0431	1.586	0.0072	0.0053	0.6670		
14	0.0433		0.0072	0.0054	0.6680		
15	0.0441		0.0073	0.0058	0.6700		
16	0.0452		0.0075		0.6726		
Mean	0.0424	1.566	0.0070	0.0048	0.6634	12.056	23.441
Std Dev	0.0013	0.020	0.0003	0.0005	0.0049	0.065	0.134
C (95%)	0.0007	0.012	0.0002	0.0003	0.0026	0.041	0.085

Sample	Mo	Cu	Co	V	Nb	W	N
1	0.1960	0.2248	0.2401	0.0688	0.2350	2.198	0.0142
2	0.1963	0.2257	0.2410	0.0694	0.2375	2.208	0.0148
3	0.1973	0.2260	0.2421	0.0699	0.2409	2.218	0.0150
4	0.1997	0.2267	0.2440	0.0717	0.2450	2.220	0.0151
5	0.2007	0.2280	0.2456	0.0718	0.2450	2.230	0.0151
6	0.2020	0.2290	0.2457	0.0721	0.2460	2.230	0.0155
7	0.2030	0.2295	0.2462	0.0721	0.2480	2.233	0.0157
8	0.2056	0.2300	0.2469	0.0721	0.2488	2.249	0.0162
9	0.2102	0.2310	0.2480	0.0723	0.2493	2.251	
10	0.2107	0.2310	0.2484	0.0724	0.2502	2.254	
11	0.2150	0.2314	0.2502	0.0729	0.2508	2.264	
12	0.2157	0.2318	0.2503	0.0730	0.2510	2.273	
13	0.2168	0.2325	0.2513	0.0730	0.2524	2.285	
14	0.2169	0.2339	0.2534	0.0733	0.2570	2.286	
15	0.2190	0.2345	0.2545	0.0736	0.2615	2.302	
16	0.2190	0.2365	0.2559	0.0740			
17	0.2210	0.2370		0.0746			
Mean	0.2085	0.2305	0.2477	0.0722	0.2479	2.247	0.0152
Std Dev	0.0089	0.0036	0.0047	0.0016	0.0069	0.031	0.0006
C (95%)	0.0046	0.0019	0.0025	0.0008	0.0038	0.017	0.0005

Note: $C_{(95\%)}$ is the 95% half-width confidence interval derived from the equation:

$$C_{(95\%)} = (t \times SD) / \sqrt{n}$$

where n is the number of available values, t is the Student's t value for n-1 degrees of freedom, and SD is the standard deviation of the test results.

Participating Laboratories

Exova Ltd	Middlesbrough, England	UKAS accreditation 0239
Sheffield Assay Office	Sheffield, England	UKAS accreditation 0012
Metals Technology (Testing) Ltd	Sheffield, England	UKAS accreditation 0963
Universal Scientific Laboratory	Milperra, NSW, Australia	NATA accreditation 0492
Laboratory Testing, Inc	Hatfield, PA, USA	A2LA accreditation 0117
Genitest, Inc	Montreal, Canada	PRI accreditation 123077
Shanghai Jinyi Test Technology Co	Shanghai, China	CNAL accreditation 0783
Shandong Metallurgical & Science Research	Jinan, Shandong, China	CNAS accreditation 1461
Bureau Veritas CPS Pvt Ltd	Chennai, India	NABL accreditation 0025
Raghavendra Spectrometallurgical Lab.	Bangalore, India	NABL accreditation 0371
Instytut Metalurgii Zelaza	Gliwice, Poland	PCA accreditation AB554
Tec-Eurolab	Campogalliano, Italy	ACCREDIA accreditation 52
PT Geoservices LTD	Cikarang-Bekasi, Indonesia	
Microlab	Chennai, India	
Mineral & Metallurgical Laboratories	Bangalore, India	
AMG Superalloys UK Ltd	Rotherham, England	
Coleshill Laboratories Ltd	Birmingham, England	
Analyticka Laborator Lithea sro	Brno, Czech Republic	

Note: to achieve the above accreditation (UKAS, NATA, etc), test houses are required to demonstrate conformity to the general requirements of EN ISO/IEC 17025.

Analytical Methods Used

ELEMENT	RESULT No. & METHOD			
	ICP-AES	FAAS		OTHER
Carbon	-	-	all	combustion (IR or volumetric detection)
Silicon	1, 3, 7, 11, 12	-	2, 5, 8	photometric (molybdenum blue)
Sulfur	7	-	4, 6, 9, 10, 13	gravimetric (perchloric acid)
Phosphorus	2-5, 8-11, 15	-	1-6, 8-16	combustion (IR or volumetric detection)
Manganese	1-4, 7-9, 11, 12, 16	5, 15	1, 6, 12	volumetric (alkalimetric)
Nickel	6, 7, 11	-	7, 13, 14	photometric (molybdenum blue)
Chromium	3, 11	-	6, 10	photometric (periodate)
Molybdenum	1, 2, 4, 5, 8-10, 12-15	3, 16, 17	13, 14	volumetric (arsenite)
Copper	1-4, 7, 10-14, 16	8, 9, 15	1-5, 8, 10	gravimetric (dimethyl glyoxime)
Cobalt	1, 5, 6, 8, 10-16	2, 3, 7	9, 12	volumetric (dimethyl glyoxime)
Vanadium	2, 5-7, 10-17	3, 4, 8	1, 2, 4-10, 12	volumetric (ferrous ammonium sulfate)
Niobium	2-6, 8-13, 15	1	6, 11	photometric (thiocyanate)
Tungsten	1-3, 7-9, 11	4, 5	7	gravimetric (8-hydroxyquinoline)
Nitrogen	-	-	5, 6	photometric (BCO)
			17	volumetric (thiosulfate)
			4	photometric (2 β -naphthol)
			9	gravimetric (oxide)
			1, 9	volumetric (ferrous ammonium sulfate)
			7	photometric (chlorosulfophenol)
			14	gravimetric (n-benzoyl-n-p.h.)
			6	photometric (thiocyanate)
			10	gravimetric (cinchonine)
			1-4, 7	inert gas fusion (thermal conductivity)
			5, 6	photometric (Nessler reagent)
			8	volumetric (hydrochloric acid)

Notes

This Certified Reference Material has been produced and certified, wherever possible, in accordance with the requirements of ISO Guide 34-2009, ISO Guide 31-2015 and ISO Guide 35-2006, taking into account the requirements of the ISO Guide to the Expression of Uncertainty in Measurement (GUM).

This certification is applicable to the whole of the disc. However, in accordance with normal practice for emission spectrometry, it is appropriate to avoid usage of the central portion, ~8 mm diameter.

This material will remain stable indefinitely, provided adequate precautions are taken to protect it from cross-contamination, extremes of temperature and atmospheric moisture. All production records will be retained for a period of 20 years from the date of this certificate. Technical support for this certification will therefore expire in March 2036, although we reserve the right to make changes as issue revisions, in the intervening period.

The production, testing, analysis and certification of this product were supervised by C Eveleigh, PhD, Technical Director, MBH Analytical Ltd.

The material to which this certificate of analysis refers is supplied subject to our general conditions of sale.