MBH ANALYTICAL LTD

HOLLAND HOUSE • QUEENS ROAD • BARNET • EN5 4DJ • ENGLAND • TEL: +44 (0)20 8441 2024 • FAX: +44 (0)20 8449 0810

email: info@mbh.co.uk web: www.mbh.co.uk

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

14X FeNi45 batch B

Certified Reference Material Information

Type:	IRON-NICKEL ALLOY (CHILL CAST)
Form and Size:	Disc ~40mm diameter
Manufactured by:	Polycast Ltd
Certified and Supplied by:	MBH Analytical Ltd

Assigned Values

Percentage element by weight

Element	C	Si	S	P	Mn
Value [1]	**0.0045**	**0.567**	**0.038**	**0.0416**	**0.0149**
Uncertainty [2]	0.0004	0.012	0.003	0.0014	0.0014

Element	Ni	Cr	Cu	Co	Al
Value [1]	**45.20**	**0.048**	**0.078**	**0.654**	**0.552**
Uncertainty [2]	0.07	0.002	0.003	0.010	0.011

Definitions

[1] The assigned values are the present best estimates of the true content for each element. Each value is a panel consensus, based on the averaged results of an interlaboratory testing programme, detailed on page 3.

[2] The uncertainty values are generated from the 95% confidence interval derived from the wet analysis results, in combination with a statistical assessment of the homogeneity data, as described on page 2.

Certified by:

on 7th October 2011

MBH ANALYTICAL LIMITED _____

C Eveleigh

Method of Preparation

This reference material was produced from commercial-purity metals, and master alloys. The discs are the product of one melt poured into a sequence of multiple chill moulds with feeding systems designed to ensure sound discs. Approximately 2mm has been removed from the cast faces of the discs to minimise surface effects.

Sampling

Samples for chemical analysis were taken from various positions throughout the casting process. At least 15% of the discs were selected for non-destructive homogeneity testing.

Homogeneity

The discs were checked for sample and batch uniformity using an optical emission spectrometer.

Using the meaned data for each surface, standard deviation values were derived for each element as an indicator of any non-homogeneity (as determined for the specific sample size taken by the spectrometer).

Chemical Analysis

Analysis was carried out on millings taken from samples representative of the product. It was performed by a panel of laboratories mostly operating within the terms of EN ISO/IEC 17025 - 2005, using documented standard reference methods and validated by appropriate reference materials.

The individual values listed overpage are the average of each analyst's results.

Estimation of Uncertainties

Each element certified has been analysed by several laboratories, and 95% half-width confidence intervals ($C_{(95\%)}$) for the resultant mean values have been derived by the method shown on page 3.

As a separate exercise, the degree of non-homogeneity of the batch for each element has been quantified by a programme of non-destructive application testing, discussed above.

The final certified uncertainty for each element has been derived by combining these two factors, using the square-root of the summed squares.

Traceability

Much of the analytical work performed to assess this material has been carried out by laboratories with proven competence, as indicated by their accreditation to ISO 17025. It is an implicit requirement for this accreditation that analytical work should be performed with due traceability, via an unbroken chain of comparisons, each with stated uncertainty, to primary standards such as the mole, or to nationally- or internationally-recognised reference materials. In addition, some of the results derived as part of this testing programme have traceability to NIST standards, as part of the analytical calibration or process control.

Usage

Intended use: With optical emission and X-ray fluorescence spectrometers.

Recommended method of use: Steels are generally prepared by grinding. However, users are recommended to follow the calibration and sample preparation procedures specified by the relevant instrument manufacturer. Preparation should be the same for reference materials and the samples for test.

A minimum of five consistent replicate analyses is recommended to provide the necessary sample size. Users are advised to check against possible bias between reference materials and production samples due to differences in metallurgical history, and be aware of possible inter-element effects.

Analytical Data

Percentage element by weight

Sample	C	Si	S	P	Mn
1	0.0037	0.552	0.0320	0.0388	0.0124
2	0.0038	0.556	0.0330	0.0400	0.0134
3	0.0038	0.558	0.0354	0.0406	0.0134
4	0.0045	0.558	0.0361	0.0406	0.0139
5	0.0046	0.568	0.0378	0.0411	0.0141
6	0.0046	0.569	0.0382	0.0411	0.0150
7	0.0046	0.585	0.0395	0.0426	0.0151
8	0.0046	0.590	0.0405	0.0428	0.0152
9	0.0047		0.0409	0.0429	0.0166
10	0.0049		0.0416	0.0432	0.0176
11	0.0055		0.0430	0.0442	0.0177
Mean	**0.0045**	**0.567**	**0.0380**	**0.0416**	**0.0149**
Std Dev	0.0005	0.014	0.0036	0.0016	0.0017
$C_{(95\%)}$	0.0004	0.012	0.0024	0.0011	0.0012

Sample	Ni	Cr	Cu	Co	Al
1	45.10	0.0462	0.0726	0.640	0.533
2	45.16	0.0464	0.0732	0.646	0.540
3	45.16	0.0469	0.0760	0.646	0.544
4	45.18	0.0473	0.0761	0.646	0.546
5	45.23	0.0478	0.0772	0.649	0.549
6	45.23	0.0483	0.0776	0.650	0.553
7	45.26	0.0489	0.0783	0.654	0.557
8	45.26	0.0500	0.0788	0.661	0.557
9		0.0505	0.0826	0.672	0.561
10		0.0507	0.0834	0.673	0.568
11			0.0854		0.570
Mean	**45.20**	**0.0483**	**0.0783**	**0.654**	**0.552**
Std Dev	0.06	0.0017	0.0041	0.011	0.011
$C_{(95\%)}$	0.05	0.0012	0.0027	0.008	0.008

Note: $C_{(95\%)}$ is the 95% half-width confidence interval derived from the equation:

$$C_{(95\%)} = (t \times SD)/\sqrt{n}$$

where n is the number of available values, t is the Student's t value for n-1 degrees of freedom, and SD is the standard deviation of the test results.

Participating Laboratories

Exova Materials Testing	Middlesbrough, England	UKAS accreditation 0239
Sheffield Assay Office	Sheffield, England	UKAS accreditation 0012
Metals Technology (Testing) Ltd	Sheffield, England	UKAS accreditation 0963
Universal Scientific Laboratory	Milperra, NSW, Australia	NATA accreditation 0492
Laboratory Testing, Inc	Hatfield, PA, USA	A2LA accreditation 0117
Genitest, Inc	Montreal, Canada	PRI accreditation 123077
Institute of Iron and Steel Technology	Shanghai, China	CNAL accreditation 0783
Luo Yang Copper Co	Luo Yang, He Nan, China	CNAL accreditation 0173
Sargam Metals Pvt Ltd	Chennai, India	NABL accreditation T025
TCR Engineering Services Ltd	Mumbai, India	NABL accreditation 0367
Raghavendra Spectrometallurgical Lab.	Bangalore, India	NABL accreditation 0371
London & Scandinavian Met Co Ltd	Rotherham, England	
Coleshill Laboratories Ltd	Birmingham, England	

Note: to achieve the above accreditation (eg UKAS, NATA, etc), test houses are required to demonstrate conformity to the general requirements of EN ISO/IEC 17025.

Analytical Methods Used

ELEMENT	RESULT No. & METHOD			
	ICP-AES	FAAS	OTHER	
Carbon	-	-	all	combustion (IR or volumetric detection)
Silicon	1, 3, 6, 7	-	2, 4	photometric (molybdenum blue)
			5, 8	gravimetric (perchloric acid)
Sulfur	2	-	1, 3-11	combustion (IR or volumetric detection)
Phosphorus	4-10	-	1, 2, 11	photometric (molybdenum blue)
			3	volumetric (alkalimetric)
Manganese	1, 2, 4, 7, 8, 11	3, 5, 6, 10	9	photometric (persulfate)
Nickel	3, 4, 8	-	2, 6, 7	gravimetric (dimethyl glyoxime)
			1, 5	volumetric (dimethyl glyoxime/EDTA)
Chromium	1-5	6-8, 10	9	volumetric (ferrous ammonium sulfate)
Copper	2-5, 8, 11	1, 6, 7, 9	10	photometric (BCO)
Cobalt	1-3, 6, 7, 9	4, 5, 8	10	volumetric (iodine)
Aluminium	1, 3, 7, 9-11	2, 4, 8	5, 6	photometric (chrome azurol S)

Notes

This Reference Material has been produced and certified (wherever possible) in accordance with the requirements of ISO Guide 34-2009, ISO Guide 31-2000 and ISO Guide 35-2006, taking into account the requirements of the ISO Guide to the Expression of Uncertainty in Measurement (GUM).

The unidirectional solidification effects associated with chill casting have led to minor segregation to the rear of the disc. The above certification is therefore only applicable from the front face of the disc, to a depth of 12mm. The remainder, ~3mm, is not certified

This material will remain stable indefinitely, provided adequate precautions are taken to protect it from cross-contamination, extremes of temperature and atmospheric moisture. All production records will be retained for a period of 20 years from the date of this certificate. This certification will therefore expire in October 2031, although we reserve the right to make changes as issue revisions, in the intervening period.

This sample is also available in the form of chippings.

The manufacture, analysis and certification of this product were supervised by C Eveleigh, PhD, Technical Director, MBH Analytical Ltd.