

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

212X 4007 (batch B)

Certified Reference Material Information

Type: NICKEL/COPPER MONEL-TYPE (CHILL CAST)
Form and Size: Disc ~40mm diameter
Manufactured by: Polycast Ltd
Certified and Supplied by: MBH Analytical Ltd

Assigned Values

Percentage element by weight

Element	C	Si	S	P	Mn	Cu	Fe	Cr	Mo	Al	Ti
Value ¹	0.0483	2.18	0.0039	0.025	1.08	28.95	2.02	0.498	0.048	0.0307	0.099
Uncertainty ²	0.0010	0.03	0.0005	0.002	0.02	0.10	0.03	0.014	0.003	0.0008	0.003

Element	Co	Nb	Mg	Pb	Sn	Zn	Cd	Bi	Se	Ni
Value ¹	0.0205	2.40	0.050	0.0192	0.0110	(0.093)	(0.0025)	0.040	0.019	62.4
Uncertainty ²	0.0009	0.03	0.002	0.0011	0.0008	-	-	0.002	0.002	0.2

Note: values given in parentheses are not certified - they are provided for information only

Definitions

- ¹ The certified values are the present best estimates of the true content for each element. Each value is a panel consensus, based on the averaged results of an interlaboratory testing programme, detailed on page 3.
- ² The uncertainty values are generated from the 95% confidence interval derived from the wet analysis results, in combination with a statistical assessment of the homogeneity data, as described on page 2.

Certified by:

MBH ANALYTICAL LIMITED _____

on 3rd September 2017

C Eveleigh

Method of Preparation

This reference material was produced from commercial-purity metals and master alloys. The discs are the product of one melt poured into a sequence of multiple chill moulds with feeding systems designed to ensure sound discs. Approximately 2mm has been removed from the cast faces of the discs to minimise surface effects.

Sampling

Samples for chemical analysis were taken from various positions throughout the casting process. At least 15% of all discs were selected for non-destructive homogeneity testing.

Homogeneity

Samples representative of the batch were checked for uniformity using an optical emission spectrometer. The testing procedure was in accordance with ASTM E826 and the material found acceptable.

From this test data, through-batch variation values were derived for each element as an indicator of any minor compositional variation (as determined for the specific sample size and other limitations of the spectrometer).

Chemical Analysis

Analysis was carried out on millings taken from samples representative of the product. It was performed by a panel of laboratories mostly operating within the terms of EN ISO/IEC 17025, using documented standard reference methods and validated by appropriate reference materials.

The individual values listed overpage are the average of each analyst's results.

Estimation of Uncertainties

Each element certified has been analysed by several laboratories, and 95% half-width confidence intervals ($C_{(95\%)}$) for the resultant mean values have been derived by the method shown on page 3.

As a separate exercise, the degree of non-homogeneity of the batch for each element has been quantified by a programme of non-destructive application testing, discussed above.

The final certified uncertainty for each element has been derived by combining these two factors, using the square-root of the summed squares.

Traceability

Much of the analytical work performed to assess this material has been carried out by laboratories with proven competence, as indicated by their accreditation to ISO 17025. It is an implicit requirement for this accreditation that analytical work should be performed with due traceability, via an unbroken chain of comparisons, each with stated uncertainty, to primary standards such as the mole, or to nationally- or internationally-recognised reference materials.

Of the individual results herein, some have traceability (to the mole) via primary analytical methods. Some are traceable to substances of known stoichiometry. Most have traceability via commercial solutions. Furthermore, some results have additional traceability to NIST standards, as part of the analytical calibration or process control.

Usage

Intended use: With optical emission and X-ray fluorescence spectrometers.

Recommended method of use: Nickel-base alloys are generally prepared by finishing, milling, turning or polishing. However, users are recommended to follow the calibration and sample preparation procedures specified by the relevant instrument manufacturer.

Preparation should be the same for reference materials and the samples for test.

For OES, a minimum of five consistent replicate analyses is recommended to provide the necessary sample size. Users are advised to check against possible bias between reference materials and production samples due to differences in metallurgical history, and be aware of possible inter-element effects.

Analytical Data

Percentage element by weight

Sample	C	Si	S	P	Mn	Cu	Fe	Cr	Mo	Al	Ti
1	0.0452	2.106	0.0027	0.0212	1.038	28.83	1.962	0.4802	0.0421	0.0290	0.0931
2	0.0461	2.114	0.0030	0.0220	1.041	28.85	1.980	0.4880	0.0421	0.0291	0.0942
3	0.0468	2.141	0.0030	0.0234	1.057	28.86	1.995	0.4913	0.0466	0.0298	0.0951
4	0.0469	2.145	0.0030	0.0241	1.062	28.88	2.003	0.4950	0.0479	0.0299	0.0964
5	0.0479	2.169	0.0033	0.0251	1.079	28.97	2.020	0.4981	0.0485	0.0302	0.0969
6	0.0480	2.186	0.0035	0.0261	1.091	28.98	2.022	0.5110	0.0487	0.0303	0.0972
7	0.0486	2.197	0.0040	0.0261	1.097	29.02	2.050	0.5200	0.0493	0.0303	0.0999
8	0.0486	2.216	0.0040	0.0263	1.101	29.03	2.051		0.0501	0.0312	0.1002
9	0.0486	2.221	0.0042	0.0271	1.113	29.04	2.070		0.0502	0.0314	0.1010
10	0.0492	2.223	0.0047	0.0278	1.114	29.05	2.071		0.0502	0.0320	0.1030
11	0.0504	2.225	0.0050							0.0327	0.1040
12	0.0505	2.230	0.0050							0.0327	0.1050
13	0.0508		0.0054								0.1052
Mean	0.0483	2.181	0.0039	0.0249	1.079	28.95	2.022	0.4977	0.0476	0.0307	0.0993
Std Dev	0.0017	0.045	0.0009	0.0022	0.028	0.09	0.038	0.0137	0.0031	0.0013	0.0042
C_(95%)	0.0010	0.029	0.0005	0.0016	0.020	0.06	0.027	0.0127	0.0022	0.0008	0.0025

Sample	Co	Nb	Mg	Pb	Sn	Zn	Cd	Bi	Se	Ni
1	0.0175	2.348	0.0466	0.0174	0.0094	0.0922	0.0020	0.0370	0.0157	62.16
2	0.0194	2.351	0.0474	0.0179	0.0101	0.0922	0.0021	0.0387	0.0162	62.24
3	0.0196	2.372	0.0478	0.0185	0.0107	0.0931	0.0021	0.0398	0.0174	62.31
4	0.0200	2.394	0.0482	0.0187	0.0108	0.0933	0.0022	0.0409	0.0189	62.36
5	0.0201	2.399	0.0492	0.0196	0.0109	0.0955	0.0026	0.0410	0.0198	62.49
6	0.0205	2.404	0.0507	0.0198	0.0110		0.0028	0.0425	0.0203	62.53
7	0.0206	2.420	0.0511	0.0206	0.0118		0.0028	0.0433	0.0203	62.54
8	0.0211	2.422	0.0511	0.0209	0.0119		0.0028		0.0206	62.60
9	0.0214	2.430	0.0511		0.0124		0.0030			
10	0.0215	2.436	0.0522				0.0030			
11	0.0235		0.0528							
Mean	0.0205	2.398	0.0498	0.0192	0.0110	0.0933	(0.0025)	0.0404	0.0187	62.40
Std Dev	0.0015	0.032	0.0021	0.0013	0.0009	0.0014	-	0.0022	0.0020	0.16
C_(95%)	0.0009	0.023	0.0014	0.0011	0.0008	0.0017	-	0.0020	0.0016	0.13

Note: $C_{(95\%)}$ is the 95% half-width confidence interval derived from the equation:

$$C_{(95\%)} = (t \times SD) / \sqrt{n}$$

where n is the number of available values, t is the Student's t value for n-1 degrees of freedom, and SD is the standard deviation of the test results.

Participating Laboratories

Exova Ltd
Sheffield Analytical Services
Metals Technology (Testing) Ltd
Genitest, Inc
Shanghai Jinyi Test Technology Co
Shandong Metallurgical & Science Research
TCR Engineering Services Ltd
Raghavendra Spectrometallurgical Lab.
Instytut Metalurgii Zelaza
Tec-Eurolab
Degerfors Laboratorium AB
INCDMNR-IMNR
Mineral & Metallurgical Laboratories
AMG Superalloys UK Ltd
Analyticka Laborator Lithea sro

Middlesbrough, England
Sheffield, England
Sheffield, England
Montreal, Canada
Shanghai, China
Jinan, Shandong, China
Mumbai, India
Bangalore, India
Gliwice, Poland
Campogalliano, Italy
Degerfors, Sweden
Pantelimon, Romania
Bangalore, India
Rotherham, England
Brno, Czech Republic

UKAS accreditation 0239
UKAS accreditation 0012
UKAS accreditation 0963
PJ accreditation 95510
CNAL accreditation 0783
CNAS accreditation 1461
NABL accreditation 0367
NABL accreditation 0371
PCA accreditation AB554
ACCREDIA accreditation 52
SWEDAC accreditation 1890

Note: to achieve the above accreditation (eg UKAS, etc), test houses are required to demonstrate conformity to the general requirements of EN ISO/IEC 17025.

Analytical Methods Used

ELEMENT	RESULT No. & METHOD		
	ICP-AES	FAAS	OTHER
Carbon	-	-	all combustion (infra-red detection)
Silicon	1-3, 6, 8, 11	-	4, 10 photometric (molybdenum blue)
Sulfur	2, 12	-	5, 7, 9, 12 gravimetric (perchloric acid)
Phosphorus	1, 3, 4, 7, 9, 10	-	1, 3-11, 13 combustion (infra-red detection)
Manganese	1-6, 8, 10	-	2, 6 volumetric (alkalimetric)
Copper	1, 3-5, 8, 10	-	5, 8 photometric (molybdenum blue)
Iron	1-3, 5, 7, 9, 10	-	7, 9 volumetric (arsenite)
Chromium	3, 5, 7	1	2, 6, 8 volumetric (thiosulfate)
Molybdenum	1, 2, 5-9	-	7 photometric (BCO)
Aluminium	1, 3, 5, 7, 9-12	4	4, 8 photometric (sulfosalicylic acid)
Titanium	1-3, 5, 6, 8, 10, 12, 13	4	6 volumetric (dichromate)
Cobalt	1-5, 8-10	-	2, 6 photometric (ferrous ammonium sulfate)
Niobium	1, 2, 4-6, 9, 10	-	4 photometric (diphenyl carbazide)
Magnesium	1, 3-7, 9-11	2	3, 4 photometric (thiocyanate)
Lead	1, 3-7	2	10 gravimetric (8-hydroxy quinoline)
Tin	1-8	9	2, 6, 8 photometric (chrome azurool S)
Zinc	1-5	-	7, 9, 11 photometric (diantipyryl methane)
Cadmium	1, 2, 4-10	3	6, 11 photometric (2β naphthol)
Bismuth	1-6	-	7 gravimetric
Selenium	1-8	-	7 gravimetric
Nickel	6, 7	-	3, 7 photometric (chlorosulfophenol)
			8 gravimetric
			8 gravimetric
			8 gravimetric (sulfate)
			7 gravimetric
			1-3, 8 gravimetric (dimethyl glyoxime)
			4, 5 photometric (dimethyl glyoxime))

Notes

This Certified Reference Material has been produced and certified, wherever possible, in accordance with the requirements of ISO Guide 34, ISO Guide 31 and ISO Guide 35, taking into account the requirements of the ISO Guide to the Expression of Uncertainty in Measurement (GUM).

The unidirectional solidification effects associated with this method of chill casting have led to the formation of inhomogeneous segregates in the rear portion of the disc. However, testing has shown that the above certification is applicable from the front face of the disc to a depth of 12mm. Material to the rear of the disc, to a depth of ~3mm, is not certified.

This material will remain stable indefinitely, provided adequate precautions are taken to protect it from cross-contamination, extremes of temperature and atmospheric moisture. All production records will be retained for a period of 20 years from the date of this certificate. Technical support for this certification will therefore expire in August 2037, although we reserve the right to make changes as issue revisions, in the intervening period.

The production, analysis and certification of this product were supervised by C Eveleigh, PhD, Technical Director, MBH Analytical Ltd.

The material to which this certificate of analysis refers is supplied subject to our general conditions of sale.