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CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

219X 86182 (batch A)

Certified Reference Material Information

туре.	NICKEL ALLOT WITTI MANGANESE (CHILL CAST)
	Diag 10mm diameter

Form and Size: Disc ~40mm diameter

Manufactured by: Polycast Ltd

Certified and Supplied by: MBH Analytical Ltd

Assigned Values

reicentage element by weight							
Element	С	Si	S	Р	Mn	Cr	Cu
Value ¹	0.148	0.807	0.0034	0.0098	7.68	15.88	0.150
Uncertainty ²	0.004	0.013	0.0004	0.0010	0.05	0.07	0.003
Element	Со	Fe	Nb	Ti	Мо	Та	Ni
Value ¹	0.047	7.88	2.17	0.421	0.078	0.031	64.7
Uncertainty ²	0.003	0.05	0.03	0.015	0.002	0.003	0.2

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Definitions

- ¹ The above values are the present best estimates of the true content for each element. Each value is a panel consensus, based on the averaged results of an interlaboratory testing programme, detailed on page 3.
- ² The uncertainty values are generated from the 95% confidence interval derived from the wet analysis results, in combination with a statistical assessment of the homogeneity data, as described on page 2.

Certified by:

MBH ANALYTICAL LIMITED _____

on 19th March 2012

C Eveleigh

Method of Preparation

This reference material was produced from commercial-grade metals, targeting the composition for UNS W86182. The minor and trace elements were added as master alloys. The discs are the product of one melt poured into a sequence of multiple chill moulds with feeding systems designed to ensure sound discs. Approximately 2mm has been removed from the cast faces of the discs to minimise surface effects.

Sampling

Samples for chemical analysis were taken from various positions throughout the casting process. At least 15% of all discs were selected for non-destructive homogeneity testing.

Homogeneity

The discs were checked for sample and batch uniformity using an optical emission spectrometer.

Using the meaned data from each surface, standard deviation values were derived for each element as an indicator of any non-homogeneity (as determined for the specific sample size taken by the spectrometer).

Chemical Analysis

Analysis was carried out on millings taken from samples representative of the product. It was performed by a panel of laboratories mostly operating within the terms of EN ISO/IEC 17025 - 2005, using documented standard reference methods and validated by appropriate reference materials.

The individual values listed overpage are the average of each analyst's results.

Estimation of Uncertainties

Each element certified has been analysed by several laboratories, and 95% half-width confidence intervals ($C_{(95\%)}$) for the resultant mean values have been derived by the method shown on page 3.

As a separate exercise, the degree of non-homogeneity of the batch for each element has been quantified by a programme of non-destructive application testing, discussed above.

The final certified uncertainty for each element has been derived by combining these two factors, using the square-root of the summed squares.

Traceability

Much of the analytical work performed to assess this material has been carried out by laboratories with proven competence, as indicated by their accreditation to ISO 17025. It is an implicit requirement for this accreditation that analytical work should be performed with due traceability, via an unbroken chain of comparisons, each with stated uncertainty, to primary standards such as the mole, or to nationally- or internationally-recognised reference materials. In addition, some of the results derived as part of this testing programme have traceability to NIST standards, as part of the analytical calibration or process control.

<u>Usage</u>

Intended use: With optical emission and X-ray fluorescence spectrometers.

Recommended Nickel-base alloys are generally prepared by linishing, milling, turning or polishing. However, users are recommended to follow the calibration and sample preparation procedures specified by the relevant instrument manufacturer.

Preparation should be the same for reference materials and the samples for test.

For OES, a minimum of five consistent replicate analyses is recommended to provide the necessary sample size. Users are advised to check against possible bias between reference materials and production samples due to differences in metallurgical history, and be aware of possible inter-element effects.

Analytical Data

Percentage element by weight

Sample	С	Si	S	Р	Mn	Cr	Cu
1	0.140	0.787	0.0027	0.0074	7.580	15.70	0.144
2	0.144	0.793	0.0028	0.0081	7.584	15.76	0.144
3	0.144	0.801	0.0029	0.0088	7.621	15.76	0.146
4	0.147	0.802	0.0030	0.0091	7.623	15.80	0.148
5	0.147	0.808	0.0033	0.0092	7.625	15.81	0.149
6	0.147	0.814	0.0038	0.0094	7.625	15.86	0.149
7	0.147	0.817	0.0038	0.0095	7.627	15.89	0.150
8	0.148	0.822	0.0040	0.0103	7.657	15.92	0.150
9	0.148	0.823	0.0040	0.0108	7.700	15.93	0.150
10	0.148			0.0108	7.724	15.98	0.152
11	0.149			0.0117	7.730	15.99	0.153
12	0.152			0.0127	7.743	16.03	0.154
13	0.152				7.797	16.03	0.154
14	0.155				7.800		0.155
15	0.156				7.830		0.155
Mean	0.148	0.807	0.0034	0.0098	7.684	15.88	0.150
Std Dev	0.004	0.013	0.0005	0.0015	0.082	0.11	0.004
C (95%)	0.002	0.010	0.0004	0.0010	0.046	0.07	0.002

Sample	Со	Fe	Nb	Ti	Мо	Та	Ni
1	0.0410	7.781	2.099	0.405	0.0740	0.0253	64.43
2	0.0422	7.790	2.100	0.411	0.0746	0.0258	64.56
3	0.0426	7.804	2.101	0.417	0.0763	0.0276	64.67
4	0.0429	7.830	2.150	0.417	0.0765	0.0284	64.80
5	0.0434	7.846	2.157	0.418	0.0776	0.0292	64.82
6	0.0460	7.882	2.161	0.421	0.0777	0.0303	64.85
7	0.0472	7.887	2.166	0.425	0.0780	0.0319	64.85
8	0.0474	7.909	2.180	0.427	0.0780	0.0320	
9	0.0486	7.929	2.187	0.431	0.0790	0.0327	
10	0.0496	7.948	2.187	0.437	0.0800	0.0330	
11	0.0499	7.948	2.192		0.0813	0.0359	
12	0.0503	7.960	2.206		0.0821	0.0364	
13	0.0505	7.985	2.218		0.0828		
14	0.0510		2.225				
15	0.0522		2.227				
Mean	0.0470	7.884	2.170	0.421	0.0783	0.0307	64.71
Std Dev	0.0037	0.069	0.043	0.009	0.0027	0.0036	0.16
C (95%)	0.0021	0.042	0.024	0.007	0.0016	0.0023	0.15

Note: $C_{(95\%)}$ is the 95% half-width confidence interval derived from the equation:

where n is the number of available values, t is the Student's t value for n-1 degrees of freedom, and SD is the standard deviation of the test results.

Participating Laboratories

- Exova Materials Testing IncoTest Ltd Sheffield Assay Office Metals Technology (Testing) Ltd Universal Scientific Laboratory Laboratory Testing, Inc Genitest, Inc Institute of Iron and Steel Technology Luo Yang Copper Co Sargam Metals Pvt Ltd Shriram Institute for Industrial Research Raghavendra Spectrometallurgical Lab. London & Scandinavian Met. Co Ltd Coleshill Laboratories Ltd De Bruyn Spectroscopic Solutions Ltd LECO Corp
- Middlesbrough, England Hereford, England Sheffield, England Sheffield, England Milperra, NSW, Australia Hatfield, PA, USA Montreal, Canada Shanghai, China Luo Yang, He Nan, China Chennai, India Delhi, India Bangalore, India Rotherham, England Birmingham, England Johannesburg, South Africa St Joseph, MI, USA

UKAS accreditation 0239 UKAS accreditation 0281 UKAS accreditation 0012 UKAS accreditation 0963 NATA accreditation 0492 A2LA accreditation 0117 PRI accreditation 0117 CNAL accreditation 0783 CNAL accreditation 0173 NABL accreditation 0025 NABL accreditation 0045 NABL accreditation 0371

Note: to achieve the above-noted accreditation (UKAS, NATA, etc), test houses must demonstrate conformity to the general requirements of EN ISO/IEC 17025.

ELEMENT	RESULT No. & METHOD						
	ICP-AES	FAAS	GD-AES	OTHER			
Carbon	-	-	-	all	combustion (IR or volumetric detection)		
Silicon	6, 8, 9	-	-	1-5, 7	gravimetric (perchloric acid)		
Sulfur	-	-	-	all	combustion (IR or volumetric detection)		
Phosphorus	1-3, 5, 6, 10, 12	-	8	4	volumetric (alkalimetric)		
				7	ICP-MS		
				9, 11	photometric (molybdenum blue)		
Manganese	1, 3, 4, 8, 11, 15	7, 12-14	9	2	photometric (periodate)		
				5, 6, 10	volumetric (arsenite)		
Chromium	3-6, 11-13	9	-	1, 2, 7, 8, 10	volumetric (ferrous ammonium sulfate)		
Copper	1, 2, 6, 8-11, 13-15	3, 5, 7, 13	12	4	photometric (BCO)		
Cobalt	1-4, 7, 8, 10, 15	5, 9, 11-14	6				
Iron	3, 6-8, 10-13	2, 5, 9	-	1, 4	volumetric (dichromate)		
Niobium	2, 4, 5, 7, 10-15	8	9	1	ICP-MS		
				3, 6	photometric (chlorosulfophenol)		
Titanium	4-8, 10	2, 3	-	1, 9	photometric (diantipyryl methane)		
Molybdenum	1-5, 9-13	6	8	7	photometric (thiocyanate)		
Tantalum	1-4, 6-12	-	-	5	ICP-MS		
Nickel	3, 4	-	-	1	volumetric (EDTA/DMGO)		
				2, 5-7	gravimetric (dimethyl glyoxime)		

Analytical Methods Used

<u>Notes</u>

This Certified Reference Material has been produced and certified, wherever possible, in accordance with the requirements of ISO Guide 34-2009, ISO Guide 31-2000 and ISO Guide 35-2006, taking into account the requirements of the ISO Guide to the Expression of Uncertainty in Measurement (GUM).

The unidirectional solidification effects associated with chill casting have led to the formation of inhomogeneous segregates in the rear portion of the disc. However, testing has shown that the above certification is applicable from the front face of the disc to a depth of 12mm. Material to the rear of the disc, to a depth of ~3mm, is not certified.

This material will remain stable indefinitely, provided adequate precautions are taken to protect it from crosscontamination, extremes of temperature and atmospheric moisture. All production records will be retained for a period of 20 years from the date of this certificate. This certification will therefore expire in March 2032, although we reserve the right to make changes as issue revisions, in the intervening period.

The manufacture, analysis and certification of this product were supervised by C Eveleigh, PhD, Technical Director, MBH Analytical Ltd.

The material to which this certificate of analysis refers is supplied subject to our general conditions of sale.