

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

28X 6251 (batch M)

Certified Reference Material Information

Type: NICKEL INCONEL 625-TYPE (CONTINUOUS CAST)
Form and Size: Disc ~40mm diameter
Manufactured by: Shenzhen Mingzhenwei Technology Co., China
Certified and Supplied by: MBH Analytical Ltd

Assigned Values

Percentage element by weight

Element	C	Si	S	P	Mn	Cu	Fe	Nb
Value ¹	0.0026	0.251	0.0012	0.002	0.0694	0.0570	4.22	2.64
Uncertainty ²	0.0006	0.009	0.0004	0.001	0.0012	0.0016	0.03	0.03

Element	Cr	Mo	Co	Ti	Al	B	Ni	Ta
Value ¹	20.22	9.60	0.0080	0.0096	0.006	0.0040	62.93	0.0112
Uncertainty ²	0.07	0.07	0.0008	0.0004	0.001	0.0001	0.09	0.0006

Definitions

- ¹ The certified values are the present best estimates of the true content for each element. Each value is a panel consensus, based on the averaged results of an interlaboratory testing programme, detailed on page 3.
- ² The uncertainty values are generated from the 95% confidence interval derived from the wet analysis results, in combination with a statistical assessment of the homogeneity data, as described on page 2.

Certified by:

MBH ANALYTICAL LIMITED _____

on 14th February 2017

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Method of Preparation

This reference material was produced by continuous casting, and is presented as-cast. Further details of the preparation process are unknown.

Sampling

Milled samples for chemical analysis were taken from several positions within the batch. In addition, approximately 5% of all samples were selected for homogeneity checking.

Homogeneity

Samples representative of the batch were checked for uniformity using an optical emission spectrometer. The testing procedure was in accordance with ASTM E826 and the material found acceptable.

From this test data, through-batch variation values were derived for each element as an indicator of any minor compositional variation (as determined for the specific sample size and other limitations of the spectrometer).

Chemical Analysis

Analysis was carried out on millings taken from samples representative of the product. It was performed by a panel of laboratories mostly operating within the terms of EN ISO/IEC 17025 - 2005, using documented standard reference methods and validated by appropriate reference materials.

The individual values listed overpage are the average of each analyst's results.

Estimation of Uncertainties

Each element certified has been analysed by several laboratories, and 95% half-width confidence intervals ($C_{(95\%)}$) for the resultant mean values have been derived by the method shown on page 3.

As a separate exercise, the degree of non-homogeneity of the batch for each element has been quantified by a programme of non-destructive application testing, described above.

The final certified uncertainty for each element has been derived by combining these two factors, using the square-root of the summed squares.

Traceability

Much of the analytical work performed to assess this material has been carried out by laboratories with proven competence, as indicated by their accreditation to ISO 17025. It is an implicit requirement for this accreditation that analytical work should be performed with due traceability, via an unbroken chain of comparisons, each with stated uncertainty, to primary standards such as the mole, or to nationally- or internationally-recognised reference materials.

Of the individual results herein, some have traceability (to the mole) via primary analytical methods. Some are traceable to substances of known stoichiometry. Most have traceability via commercial solutions. Furthermore, some results have additional traceability to NIST standards, as part of the analytical calibration or process control.

Usage

Intended use: With optical emission and X-ray fluorescence spectrometers.

Recommended method of use: Nickel base alloys are generally prepared by finishing, milling turning or polishing. However, users are recommended to follow the calibration and sample preparation procedures specified by the relevant instrument manufacturer.

Preparation should be the same for reference materials and the samples for test.

A minimum of five consistent replicate analyses is recommended to provide the necessary sample size. Users are advised to check against possible bias between reference materials and production samples due to differences in metallurgical history, and be aware of possible inter-element effects.

Analytical Data

Percentage element by weight

Sample	C	Si	S	P	Mn	Cu	Fe	Nb
1	0.0021	0.2322	0.0090	0.0011	0.0660	0.0524	4.148	2.599
2	0.0021	0.2330	0.0010	0.0014	0.0661	0.0539	4.163	2.599
3	0.0023	0.2409	0.0010	0.0016	0.0670	0.0550	4.188	2.605
4	0.0024	0.2470	0.0012	0.0018	0.0684	0.0551	4.188	2.622
5	0.0025	0.2504	0.0012	0.0021	0.0691	0.0551	4.201	2.629
6	0.0028	0.2520	0.0015	0.0021	0.0692	0.0567	4.209	2.642
7	0.0031	0.2524	0.0017	0.0023	0.0692	0.0569	4.210	2.650
8	0.0033	0.2525		0.0024	0.0699	0.0572	4.211	2.651
9		0.2579		0.0034	0.0699	0.0580	4.232	2.651
10		0.2602		0.0035	0.0707	0.0598	4.248	2.668
11		0.2640			0.0708	0.0598	4.252	2.673
12		0.2740			0.0714	0.0605	4.276	2.679
13					0.0718	0.0612	4.288	2.712
Mean	0.0026	0.2514	0.0012	0.0022	0.0694	0.0570	4.216	2.645
Std Dev	0.0005	0.0122	0.0003	0.0008	0.0017	0.0027	0.042	0.034
C (95%)	0.0004	0.0077	0.0003	0.0006	0.0011	0.0016	0.025	0.020

Sample	Cr	Mo	Co	Ti	Al	B	Ni	Ta
1	20.103	9.505	0.0062	0.0089	0.0044	0.0038	62.833	0.0098
2	20.110	9.512	0.0063	0.0091	0.0046	0.0038	62.846	0.0099
3	20.186	9.512	0.0064	0.0091	0.0049	0.0038	62.869	0.0100
4	20.191	9.518	0.0066	0.0093	0.0052	0.0039	62.910	0.0110
5	20.195	9.555	0.0069	0.0095	0.0056	0.0040	62.916	0.0111
6	20.211	9.582	0.0077	0.0097	0.0056	0.0040	62.950	0.0114
7	20.215	9.590	0.0083	0.0097	0.0061	0.0040	62.995	0.0117
8	20.218	9.600	0.0083	0.0100	0.0069	0.0040	63.025	0.0119
9	20.240	9.612	0.0087	0.0101	0.0074	0.0041	63.060	0.0120
10	20.250	9.616	0.0089	0.0103	0.0080	0.0041		0.0120
11	20.270	9.647	0.0089	0.0103	0.0085	0.0041		0.0125
12	20.275	9.684	0.0092					
13	20.280	9.711	0.0096					
14	20.306	9.725	0.0098					
15		9.738						
Mean	20.218	9.599	0.0080	0.0096	0.0061	0.0040	62.934	0.0112
Std Dev	0.060	0.076	0.0013	0.0005	0.0014	0.0001	0.080	0.0009
C (95%)	0.034	0.044	0.0007	0.0003	0.0009	0.0001	0.061	0.0006

Note: $C_{(95\%)}$ is the 95% half-width confidence interval derived from the equation:

$$C_{(95\%)} = (t \times SD) / \sqrt{n}$$

where n is the number of available values, t is the Student's t value for n-1 degrees of freedom, and SD is the standard deviation of the test results.

Participating Laboratories

Exova Ltd	Middlesbrough, UK	UKAS accreditation	0239
Sheffield Analytical Services	Sheffield, UK	UKAS accreditation	0012
Metals Technology (Testing) Ltd.	Sheffield, UK	UKAS accreditation	0963
Genitest, Inc.	Montreal, QC, Canada	PRI accreditation	123077
Shanghai JinYi Test Technology Co. Ltd	Shanghai, China	CNAL accreditation	0783
Shandong Metallurgical & Science Research	Jinan, Shandong, China	CNAS accreditation	1461
Bureau Veritas CPS Ltd	Chennai, India	NABL accreditation	0025
TCR Engineering Services PVT. Ltd	Mumbai, India	NABL accreditation	0367
Raghavendra Spectro Metallurgical Laboratory	Bangalore, India	NABL accreditation	0371
Instytut Metalurgii Zelaza	Gliwice, Poland	PCA accreditation	AB554
Laboratory Testing, Inc	Hatfield, USA	A2LA accreditation	0117
TEC Eurolab SRL	Modena, Italy	ACCREDIA accreditation	52
Mineral and Metallurgical Laboratories	Bangalore, India		
Cogne Acciai Speciali S.p.A.	Aosta, Italy		
AMG Superalloys UK Ltd	Rotherham, UK		
Analyticka Laborator Lithea sro	Brno, Czech Republic		
PT Geoservices Ltd	Cikarang, Indonesia		
Coleshill Laboratories Ltd	Coleshill, UK		

Note: to achieve the above accreditation (UKAS, etc), test houses must demonstrate conformity to the general requirements of EN ISO/IEC 17025.

Analytical Methods Used

ELEMENT	RESULT No. & METHOD		
	ICP-AES	FAAS	OTHER
Carbon	-	-	1-8 combustion (infra-red detection)
Silicon	2, 7, 9-11	-	1, 3, 5, 6, 8 gravimetric (perchloric acid)
Sulfur	6	-	4, 12 photometric (molybdenum blue)
Phosphorus	1, 2, 4-7, 9	-	1-5, 7 combustion (infra-red detection)
Manganese	1-5, 7-9, 11	6	3 photometric (molybdenum blue)
Copper	2, 3, 5, 6, 9-11, 13	1, 8	8, 10 volumetric (alkalimetric)
Iron	1, 6, 7, 10, 11, 13	2	10, 12 volumetric (arsenite, FAS)
Niobium	1, 2, 4-6, 9-13	-	13 photometric (periodate)
Chromium	1, 2, 4, 5, 8, 9, 13	-	4, 7 photometric (BCO)
Molybdenum	2, 4, 8-11, 13, 15	7	12 volumetric (thiosulfate)
Cobalt	1-3, 5-9, 13, 14	4, 12	3 photometric (sulfsalicylic acid)
Titanium	1, 3-7, 11	2	4, 5, 8, 9, 12 volumetric (dichromate)
Aluminium	2, 4-11	1	3 gravimetric
Boron	1-11	-	7, 8 photometric (chlorosulfophenol)
Nickel	1, 3, 6, 8, 9	-	3, 6, 7, 10-12, 14 volumetric (FAS)
Tantalum	1-11	-	1, 3, 14 gravimetric (α -benzoinoxime)
			5, 6, 12 photometric (thiocyanate)
			10 photometric (2 β -naphthol)
			11 volumetric (iodine)
			8-10 photometric (DAP, peroxide)
			3 photometric (chrome azurol S)
			2 volumetric (dimethyl glyoxime, EDTA)
			4, 5, 7 gravimetric (dimethyl glyoxime)

Notes

This Certified Reference Material has been produced and certified in accordance with the requirements of ISO Guide 34-2009, ISO Guide 31-2015 and ISO Guide 35-2006, taking into account the requirements of the ISO Guide to the Expression of Uncertainty in Measurement (GUM).

This certification is applicable to the whole of the disc. However, in accordance with normal practice for OES, it is appropriate to avoid usage of the central portion of ~ 8mm diameter.

This material will remain stable indefinitely, provided adequate precautions are taken to protect it from cross-contamination, extremes of temperature and atmospheric moisture. All production records will be retained for a period of 20 years from the date of this certificate. Technical support for this certification will therefore expire in February 2037, although we reserve the right to make changes as issue revisions, in the intervening period.

The formulation, analysis and certification of this product were supervised by L Maxim, Technical Director, MBH Analytical Ltd.