

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

31X 7835.2 (batch K)

Certified Reference Material Information

Type: LEADED BRASS (CHILL CAST)
Form and Size: Disc ~40mm diameter
Manufactured by: Polycast Ltd
Certified and Supplied by: MBH Analytical Ltd

Assigned Values

Percentage element by weight

Element	Sn	Pb	Fe	Ni	Al	As	Sb	Cu
Value ¹	0.152	2.07	0.0309	0.0462	0.060	0.0280	0.0358	64.49
Uncertainty ²	0.003	0.02	0.0009	0.0011	0.003	0.0011	0.0009	0.12

Element	P	Si	Bi	Ag	Co	Cd	B	Zn
Value ¹	0.0226	0.0193	0.0099	0.0102	0.0290	0.0020	0.0023	32.94
Uncertainty ²	0.0009	0.0006	0.0005	0.0003	0.0005	0.0002	0.0002	0.08

Definitions

- ¹ The certified values are the present best estimates of the true content for each element. Each value is a panel consensus, based on the averaged results of an interlaboratory testing programme, detailed on page 3.
- ² The uncertainty values are generated from the 95% confidence interval derived from the wet analysis results, in combination with a statistical assessment of the homogeneity data, as described on page 2.

Certified by:

MBH ANALYTICAL LIMITED _____

on 6th July 2013

C Eveleigh



Method of Preparation

This reference material was produced from commercial-purity metals, and master alloys. The discs are the product of one melt poured into a sequence of multiple chill moulds with feeding systems designed to ensure sound discs. At least 2mm has been removed from the cast faces of the discs to minimise surface effects.

Sampling

Samples for chemical analysis were taken from various positions throughout the casting process. At least 15% of all discs were selected for non-destructive homogeneity testing.

Homogeneity

The discs were checked for sample and batch uniformity using an optical emission spectrometer.

Using the meaned data from each surface, standard deviation values were derived for each element as an indicator of any non-homogeneity (as determined for the specific sample size taken by the spectrometer).

Chemical Analysis

Analysis was carried out on millings taken from samples representative of the product. It was performed by a panel of laboratories mostly operating within the terms of EN ISO/IEC 17025 - 2005, using documented standard reference methods and validated by appropriate reference materials.

The individual values listed overpage are the average of each analyst's results.

Estimation of Uncertainties

Each element certified has been analysed by several laboratories, and 95% half-width confidence intervals ($C_{(95\%)}$) for the resultant mean values have been derived by the method shown on page 3.

As a separate exercise, the degree of non-homogeneity of the batch for each element has been quantified by a programme of non-destructive application testing, described above.

The final certified uncertainty for each element has been derived by combining these two factors, using the square-root of the summed squares.

Traceability

Much of the analytical work performed to assess this material has been carried out by laboratories with proven competence, as indicated by their accreditation to ISO 17025. It is an implicit requirement for this accreditation that analytical work should be performed with due traceability, via an unbroken chain of comparisons, each with stated uncertainty, to primary standards such as the mole, or to nationally- or internationally-recognised reference materials. In addition, some of the results derived as part of this testing programme have traceability to NIST standards, as part of the analytical calibration or process control.

Usage

Intended use: With optical emission and X-ray fluorescence spectrometers.

Recommended method of use: Copper alloys are generally prepared by machining on a mill or a lathe. However, users are recommended to follow the calibration and sample preparation procedures specified by the relevant instrument manufacturer.

Preparation should be the same for reference materials and the samples for test.

A minimum of five consistent replicate analyses is recommended to provide the necessary sample size. Users are advised to check against possible bias between reference materials and production samples due to differences in metallurgical history, and be aware of possible inter-element effects.

Analytical Data

Percentage element by weight

Sample	Sn	Pb	Fe	Ni	Al	As	Sb	Cu
1	0.147	2.030	0.0282	0.0435	0.0523	0.0249	0.0340	64.35
2	0.147	2.040	0.0299	0.0436	0.0539	0.0260	0.0342	64.36
3	0.147	2.048	0.0300	0.0438	0.0548	0.0262	0.0350	64.39
4	0.148	2.050	0.0300	0.0445	0.0552	0.0264	0.0356	64.41
5	0.149	2.050	0.0304	0.0448	0.0570	0.0267	0.0359	64.43
6	0.149	2.074	0.0307	0.0453	0.0598	0.0267	0.0360	64.50
7	0.149	2.076	0.0308	0.0454	0.0610	0.0275	0.0360	64.53
8	0.152	2.080	0.0308	0.0462	0.0612	0.0277	0.0362	64.54
9	0.152	2.082	0.0310	0.0465	0.0618	0.0292	0.0363	64.54
10	0.157	2.084	0.0313	0.0466	0.0621	0.0295	0.0367	64.56
11	0.157	2.093	0.0318	0.0470	0.0622	0.0296	0.0369	64.60
12	0.160	2.095	0.0322	0.0485	0.0622	0.0298	0.0371	64.61
13	0.160	2.100	0.0327	0.0487	0.0633	0.0305		
14		2.120	0.0329	0.0493	0.0634	0.0315		
15				0.0493	0.0650			
Mean	0.152	2.073	0.0309	0.0462	0.0597	0.0280	0.0358	64.49
Std Dev	0.005	0.026	0.0012	0.0020	0.0040	0.0020	0.0010	0.09
C_(95%)	0.003	0.015	0.0007	0.0011	0.0022	0.0011	0.0006	0.06

Sample	P	Si	Bi	Ag	Co	Cd	B	Zn
1	0.0202	0.0174	0.0085	0.0092	0.0276	0.0017	0.0019	32.83
2	0.0210	0.0181	0.0087	0.0096	0.0280	0.0018	0.0020	32.84
3	0.0212	0.0183	0.0095	0.0100	0.0280	0.0019	0.0021	32.91
4	0.0215	0.0187	0.0095	0.0100	0.0282	0.0019	0.0023	32.91
5	0.0217	0.0188	0.0096	0.0101	0.0288	0.0019	0.0023	32.96
6	0.0218	0.0191	0.0097	0.0101	0.0288	0.0019	0.0025	32.96
7	0.0224	0.0195	0.0099	0.0103	0.0288	0.0019	0.0025	33.01
8	0.0231	0.0196	0.0100	0.0104	0.0289	0.0019	0.0026	33.02
9	0.0233	0.0198	0.0100	0.0105	0.0290	0.0020	0.0026	33.03
10	0.0233	0.0202	0.0102	0.0106	0.0292	0.0020		
11	0.0236	0.0205	0.0107	0.0107	0.0293	0.0020		
12	0.0237	0.0206	0.0110	0.0109	0.0295	0.0021		
13	0.0244	0.0207	0.0111		0.0299	0.0022		
14	0.0248				0.0300	0.0023		
15					0.0305	0.0023		
Mean	0.0226	0.0193	0.0099	0.0102	0.0290	0.0020	0.0023	32.94
Std Dev	0.0014	0.0010	0.0008	0.0005	0.0008	0.0002	0.0003	0.07
C_(95%)	0.0008	0.0006	0.0005	0.0003	0.0004	0.0001	0.0002	0.06

Note: C_(95%) is the 95% half-width confidence interval derived from the equation:

$$C_{(95\%)} = (t \times SD) / \sqrt{n}$$

where n is the number of available values, t is the Student's t value for n-1 degrees of freedom, and SD is the standard deviation of the test results.

Participating Laboratories

Exova Ltd
Sheffield Assay Office
Universal Scientific Laboratory Pty Ltd
Institute of Iron & Steel Technology
Luo Yang Copper
Sargam Metals Pvt Ltd
Raghavendra Spectromet Laboratory
Institute of Non-Ferrous Metals
Tec-Eurolab
Microlab
London & Scandinavian Met Co
Colonial Metals Co
Coleshill Laboratories Ltd
Lithea Sro

Middlesbrough, England
Sheffield, England
Milperra, NSW, Australia
Shanghai, China
Luo Yang, He Nan, China
Chennai, India
Bangalore, India
Gliwice, Poland
Campogalliano, Italy
Chennai, India
Rotherham, England
Columbia, PA, USA
Birmingham, England
Brno, Czech Republic

UKAS accreditation 0239
UKAS accreditation 0012
NATA accreditation 0492
CNAL accreditation 0783
CNAL accreditation 0173
NABL accreditation 0025
NABL accreditation 0371
PCA accreditation AB274
ACCREDIA accreditation 52

Note: to achieve the above accreditation (eg UKAS, NATA, etc), test houses must demonstrate conformity to the general requirements of EN ISO/IEC 17025.

Analytical Methods Used

ELEMENT	RESULT No. & METHOD			
	ICP-AES	XRF	FAAS	OTHER
Tin	1-3, 5, 6, 9-11, 13	4	7, 8, 12	
Lead	2, 5-10, 12, 14	-	4, 11	1 3, 13 volumetric (EDTA) electrogravimetric
Iron	1, 3, 5, 8-10, 12-14	4	2, 6, 11	7 photometric (orthophenanthroline)
Nickel	1-6, 8, 9, 14	11	7, 12, 13, 15	10 photometric (dimethyl glyoxime)
Aluminium	1, 3-7, 11-13	15	2, 9, 14	8, 10 photometric (chrome azurol S)
Arsenic	1, 4-7, 9, 11-14	2	8, 10	3 photometric (turbidity)
Antimony	1-8, 11, 12	-	9, 10	
Copper	2, 8, 12	-	-	9, 10 volumetric (thiosulfate)
Phosphorus	3, 4, 6, 7, 10, 12-14	2	-	1, 3-7, 11 5, 8 electrogravimetric volumetric (alkalimetric)
Silicon	3-6, 8, 12, 13	-	-	1, 9, 11 1, 2, 7, 9-11 photometric (molybdenum yellow) photometric (molybdenum blue)
Bismuth	1-3, 5, 7, 8, 10-12	-	4, 6, 9, 13	
Silver	1, 2, 5, 9-11	4	3, 6-8, 12	
Cobalt	1-6, 8, 10, 12, 14, 15	14	7, 9, 11, 13	
Cadmium	1, 4-7, 11, 13-15	10	2, 3, 8, 9, 12	
Boron	1-7, 9	-	8	
Zinc	2, 3, 6	-	-	1, 4, 5, 7-9 volumetric (EDTA)

Notes

This Certified Reference Material has been produced and certified in accordance with the requirements of ISO Guide 34-2009, ISO Guide 31-2000 and ISO Guide 35-2006, taking into account the requirements of the ISO Guide to the Expression of Uncertainty in Measurement (GUM).

The unidirectional solidification effects associated with semi-chill casting have led to the formation of inhomogeneous segregates in the rear portion of the disc. The above certification is therefore only applicable from the front face of the disc to a depth of 12mm. Material to the rear of the disc, to a depth of ~3mm, is not certified.

This material will remain stable indefinitely, provided adequate precautions are taken to protect it from cross-contamination, extremes of temperature and atmospheric moisture. All production records will be retained for a period of 20 years from the date of this certificate. Technical support for this certification will therefore expire in July 2033, although we reserve the right to make changes as issue revisions, in the intervening period.

This material is also available in the form of chippings.

The manufacture, analysis and certification of this product were supervised by C Eveleigh, PhD, Technical Director, MBH Analytical Ltd.

The material to which this certificate of analysis refers is supplied subject to our general conditions of sale.