31X MNB2 D Page 1 of 4 August 2010

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CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

31X MNB2 (batch D)

Certified Reference Material Information

Type: MANGANESE BRASS (CHILL CAST)

Form and Size: Disc 40mm Diameter x ~15mm Thickness

Manufactured by: Polycast Ltd

Certified and Supplied by: MBH Analytical Ltd

Assigned Values

Percentage element by weight

Element	Sn	Pb	Zn	Fe	Ni	Al	Si
Value ¹	0.289	0.983	31.30	0.548	0.118	0.272	0.579
Uncertainty ²	0.004	0.010	0.07	0.006	0.002	0.009	0.013

Element	As	Mn	Р	Sb	Со	Ag	Cu
Value 1	0.0201	2.05	0.0246	0.0177	0.0086	0.041	63.75
Uncertainty ²	0.0007	0.02	0.0010	0.0007	0.0005	0.002	0.07

Definitions

- The certified values are the present best estimates of the true content for each element. Each value is a panel consensus, based on the averaged results of an interlaboratory testing programme, detailed on page 3.
- The uncertainty values are generated from the 95% confidence interval derived from the wet analysis results, in combination with a statistical assessment of the homogeneity data, as described on page 2

Certified by:		Oth Assessed 0040
MBH ANALYTICAL LIMITED_		on 9 th August 2010
	C Eveleigh	

Method of Preparation

This reference material was produced from commercial-purity metals, and master alloys. The discs are the product of one melt poured into a sequence of multiple chill moulds with feeding systems designed to ensure sound discs. Approximately 2mm has been removed from the cast faces of the discs to minimise surface effects.

Sampling

Samples for chemical analysis were taken from various positions throughout the casting process. At least 15% of all discs were selected for non-destructive homogeneity testing.

Homogeneity

The discs were checked for sample and batch uniformity using an optical emission spectrometer.

Using the meaned data from each surface, standard deviation values were derived for each element as an indicator of any non-homogeneity (as determined for the specific sample size taken by the spectrometer).

Chemical Analysis

Analysis was carried out on millings taken from samples representative of the product. It was performed by a panel of laboratories mostly operating within the terms of EN ISO/IEC 17025 - 2005, using documented standard reference methods and validated by appropriate reference materials.

The individual values listed overpage are the average of each analyst's results.

Estimation of Uncertainties

Each element certified has been analysed by several laboratories, and 95% half-width confidence intervals ($C_{(95\%)}$) for the resultant mean values have been derived by the method shown on page 3.

As a separate exercise, the degree of non-homogeneity of the batch for each element has been quantified by a programme of non-destructive application testing, described above.

The final certified uncertainty for each element has been derived by combining these two factors, using the square-root of the summed squares.

Traceability

Much of the analytical work performed to assess this material has been carried out by laboratories with proven competence, as indicated by their accreditation to ISO 17025. It is an implicit requirement for this accreditation that analytical work should be performed with due traceability, via an unbroken chain of comparisons, each with stated uncertainty, to primary standards such as the mole, or to nationally- or internationally-recognised reference materials. In addition, some of the results derived as part of this testing programme have traceability to NIST standards, as part of the analytical calibration or process control.

Usage

Intended use: With optical emission and X-ray fluorescence spectrometers.

Recommended method of use:

Copper alloys are generally prepared by machining on a mill or a lathe. However, users are recommended to follow the calibration and sample preparation procedures specified by the relevant instrument manufacturer.

Preparation should be the same for reference materials and the samples for test.

A minimum of five consistent replicate analyses is recommended to provide the necessary sample size. Users are advised to check against possible bias between reference materials and production samples due to differences in metallurgical history, and be aware of possible inter-element effects.

Analytical Data

Sample	Sn	Pb	Zn	Fe	Ni	Al	Si
1	0.279	0.956	31.18	0.533	0.112	0.255	0.544
2	0.281	0.966	31.22	0.537	0.114	0.257	0.556
3	0.284	0.974	31.25	0.541	0.116	0.261	0.565
4	0.284	0.976	31.25	0.543	0.117	0.264	0.570
5	0.287	0.977	31.28	0.545	0.117	0.264	0.575
6	0.288	0.987	31.31	0.546	0.119	0.266	0.585
7	0.290	0.990	31.38	0.550	0.119	0.270	0.588
8	0.290	0.992	31.39	0.552	0.120	0.271	0.593
9	0.293	0.998	31.41	0.553	0.122	0.282	0.594
10	0.295	0.999		0.557	0.122	0.288	0.598
11	0.298	1.001		0.559	0.124	0.292	0.602
12	0.303			0.561		0.294	
Mean	0.289	0.983	31.30	0.548	0.118	0.272	0.579
Std Dev	0.007	0.015	0.08	0.009	0.004	0.014	0.019
C _(95%)	0.004	0.010	0.06	0.006	0.002	0.009	0.013
Sample	As	Mn	Р	Sb	Co	Ag	Cu
1	0.0181	2.000	0.0228	0.0159	0.0073	0.0358	63.61
2	0.0185	2.035	0.0231	0.0163	0.0077	0.0375	63.65
3	0.0188	2.040	0.0233	0.0168	0.0078	0.0386	63.72
4	0.0192	2.041	0.0235	0.0171	0.0079	0.0389	63.74
5	0.0201	2.047	0.0238	0.0173	0.0079	0.0398	63.78
6	0.0201	2.052	0.0244	0.0173	0.0083	0.0402	63.79
7	0.0203	2.063	0.0253	0.0175	0.0085	0.0414	63.79
8	0.0204	2.084	0.0255	0.0177	0.0088	0.0423	63.81
9	0.0204	2.088	0.0258	0.0178	0.0089	0.0443	63.88
10	0.0205	2.090	0.0265	0.0186	0.0090	0.0447	
11	0.0208		0.0267	0.0187	0.0095	0.0455	
12	0.0215			0.0197	0.0099 0.0099		
13	0.0226			0.0199			
Mean	0.0201	2.054	0.0246	0.0177	0.0086	0.0408	63.75
Std Dev							
	0.0012	0.028	0.0014	0.0012	0.0009	0.0031	0.08

Note: $C_{(95\%)}$ is the 95% half-width confidence interval derived from the equation:

 $C_{(95\%)} = (t \times SD)/\sqrt{n}$

where n is the number of available values, t is the Student's t value for n-1 degrees of freedom, and SD is the standard deviation of the test results.

Participating Laboratories

Exova Materials Testing Ltd
Sheffield Assay Office
Universal Scientific Laboratory Pty
Genitest Inc
Institute of Iron & Steel Technology
Luo Yang Copper Co
Sargam Metals Pvt Ltd
TCR Engineering Servs Pvt Ltd
Raghavendra SpectroMet Laboratory
Institute of Non-Ferrous Metals
De Bruyn Spectroscopic Solutions
London & Scandinavian Met. Co
Coleshill Laboratories Ltd

Middlesbrough, England Sheffield, England Milperra, NSW, Australia Montreal, Canada Shanghai, China Luo Yang, He Nan, China Chennai, India Mumbai, India Bangalore, India Gliwice, Poland Johannesburg, South Africa Rotherham, England Birmingham, England UKAS accreditation 0239
UKAS accreditation 0012
NATA accreditation 0492
PRI accreditation 123077
CNAL accreditation 0783
CNAL accreditation 0173
NABL accreditation T025
NABL accreditation T367
NABL accreditation T371
PCA accreditation AB274

Note: to achieve the above accreditation (eg UKAS, NATA, etc), test houses must demonstrate conformity to the general requirements of EN ISO/IEC 17025.

Analytical Methods Used

<u>ELEMENT</u>	RESULT No. & METHOD						
	ICP-AES	FAAS		OTHER			
Tin	1, 4-6, 9, 10	2, 3, 7, 8	12	volumetric (iodate)			
Lead	1, 3, 5, 6, 8	2, 4, 7	11 9, 11 10	photometric (phenyl fluorone) volumetric (EDTA) electrogravimetric			
Zinc	6-8	-	1-5, 9	volumetric (EDTA)			
Iron	1, 2, 3-5, 9, 10, 12	3, 6, 7, 11	8	photometric (orthophenanthroline)			
Nickel	1-3, 5, 8, 9	4, 6, 7, 10, 11					
Aluminium	1, 2, 4-6, 9, 10, 12	3, 7, 8	11	photometric (chrome azurol-S)			
Silicon	3, 6, 8-10	-	1, 2, 4, 11	gravimetric (perchloric acid)			
			5, 7	photometric (molybdenum yellow)			
Arsenic	1-3, 5-8, 12, 13	4, 9, 11	10	photometric (turbidity)			
Manganese	1, 3, 4, 6, 8	2, 7, 9, 10	5	photometric (periodate)			
Phosphorus	1, 3-6, 8, 11	-	2	volumetric (alkalimetric)			
			7, 9, 10	photometric (molybdenum yellow)			
Antimony	2-4, 9-13	1, 5-7	8	photometric (crystal violet)			
Cobalt	2, 4, 5, 8-10, 12, 13	1, 3, 6, 7, 11		,			
Silver	4, 6-8, 10, 11	1-3, 5, 9					
Copper	2, 4	- -	1, 5, 6, 9 3, 7, 8	electrogravimetric volumetric (thiosulfate)			

Notes

This Certified Reference Material has been produced and certified in accordance with the requirements of ISO Guide 34-2009, ISO Guide 31-2000 and ISO Guide 35-2006, taking into account the requirements of the ISO Guide to the Expression of Uncertainty in Measurement (GUM).

The unidirectional solidification effects associated with chill casting have led to the formation of inhomogeneous segregates in the rear portion of the disc. The above certification is therefore only applicable from the front face of the disc to a depth of 12mm. Material to the rear of the disc, to a depth of ~3mm, is not certified.

This material will remain stable indefinitely, provided adequate precautions are taken to protect it from cross-contamination, extremes of temperature and atmospheric moisture. All production records will be retained for a period of 20 years from the date of this certificate. This certification will therefore expire in August 2030, although we reserve the right to make changes as issue revisions, in the intervening period.

This material is also available in the form of chippings.

The manufacture, analysis and certification of this product were supervised by C Eveleigh, PhD, Technical Director, MBH Analytical Ltd.

The material to which this certificate of analysis refers is supplied subject to our general conditions of sale.