

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

32X LB17 (batch A)

Certified Reference Material Information

Type: LEADED BRONZE (CHILL CAST)
Form and Size: Disc 40mm diameter x ~15mm thickness
Manufactured by: Polycast Ltd
Certified and Supplied by: MBH Analytical Ltd

Assigned Values

Percentage element by weight

Element	Sn	Pb	Zn	Fe	Mn	Ni	Co	Cr
Value ¹	5.97	9.83	0.634	0.488	0.296	0.465	0.0083	0.0008
Uncertainty ²	0.04	0.10	0.007	0.006	0.005	0.005	0.0005	0.0002

Element	As	Bi	Sb	Al	P	Ag	Cd	Cu
Value ¹	1.51	0.220	4.10	0.388	0.051	0.911	0.151	74.83
Uncertainty ²	0.02	0.005	0.06	0.011	0.003	0.006	0.003	0.08

Definitions

- ¹ The certified values are the present best estimates of the true content for each element. Each value is a panel consensus, based on the averaged results of an interlaboratory testing programme, detailed on page 3.
- ² The uncertainty values are generated from the 95% confidence interval derived from the wet analysis results, in combination with a statistical assessment of the homogeneity data, as described on page 2.

Certified by:

MBH ANALYTICAL LIMITED _____ on 27th July 2012

C Eveleigh



Method of Preparation

This reference material was produced from commercial-purity metals, and master alloys. The discs are the product of one melt poured into a sequence of multiple chill moulds with feeding systems designed to ensure sound discs. Approximately 2mm has been removed from the cast faces of the discs to minimise surface effects.

Sampling

Samples for chemical analysis were taken from various positions throughout the casting process. At least 15% of all discs were selected for non-destructive homogeneity testing.

Homogeneity

The discs were checked for sample and batch uniformity using an optical emission spectrometer.

Using the meaned data from each surface, standard deviation values were derived for each element as an indicator of any non-homogeneity (as determined for the specific sample size taken by the spectrometer).

Chemical Analysis

Analysis was carried out on millings taken from samples representative of the product. It was performed by a panel of laboratories mostly operating within the terms of EN ISO/IEC 17025 - 2005, using documented standard reference methods and validated by appropriate reference materials.

The individual values listed overpage are the average of each analyst's results.

Estimation of Uncertainties

Each element certified has been analysed by several laboratories, and 95% half-width confidence intervals ($C_{(95\%)}$) for the resultant mean values have been derived by the method shown on page 3.

As a separate exercise, the degree of non-homogeneity of the batch for each element has been quantified by a programme of non-destructive application testing, discussed above.

The final certified uncertainty for each element has been derived by combining these two factors, using the square-root of the summed squares.

Traceability

Much of the analytical work performed to assess this material has been carried out by laboratories with proven competence, as indicated by their accreditation to ISO 17025. It is an implicit requirement for this accreditation that analytical work should be performed with due traceability, via an unbroken chain of comparisons, each with stated uncertainty, to primary standards such as the mole, or to nationally- or internationally-recognised reference materials. In addition, some of the results derived as part of this testing programme have traceability to NIST standards, as part of the analytical calibration or process control.

Usage

Intended use: With optical emission and X-ray fluorescence spectrometers.

Recommended method of use: Copper alloys are generally prepared by machining on a mill or a lathe. However, users are recommended to follow the calibration and sample preparation procedures specified by the relevant instrument manufacturer.

Preparation should be the same for reference materials and the samples for test.

A minimum of five consistent replicate analyses is recommended to provide the necessary sample size. Users are advised to check against possible bias between reference materials and production samples due to differences in metallurgical history, and be aware of possible inter-element effects.

Analytical Data

Percentage element by weight

Sample	Sn	Pb	Zn	Fe	Mn	Ni	Co	Cr
1	5.887	9.689	0.621	0.472	0.285	0.450	0.0073	0.0003
2	5.891	9.710	0.623	0.473	0.286	0.452	0.0073	0.0004
3	5.907	9.723	0.623	0.479	0.289	0.454	0.0075	0.0004
4	5.914	9.745	0.625	0.481	0.290	0.464	0.0075	0.0006
5	5.920	9.785	0.630	0.482	0.290	0.466	0.0079	0.0007
6	5.956	9.850	0.630	0.488	0.291	0.467	0.0079	0.0008
7	5.960	9.850	0.641	0.489	0.295	0.467	0.0082	0.0009
8	5.980	9.878	0.642	0.493	0.297	0.468	0.0082	0.0010
9	5.996	9.888	0.642	0.494	0.299	0.469	0.0082	0.0010
10	6.011	9.899	0.644	0.497	0.300	0.470	0.0084	0.0012
11	6.013	9.955	0.652	0.497	0.301	0.471	0.0084	0.0013
12	6.032	9.965		0.498	0.303	0.477	0.0088	
13	6.060			0.501	0.303		0.0095	
14	6.088				0.305		0.0100	
15					0.307		0.0100	
Mean	5.973	9.828	0.634	0.488	0.296	0.465	0.0083	0.0008
Std Dev	0.064	0.095	0.011	0.010	0.007	0.008	0.0009	0.0003
C_(95%)	0.037	0.061	0.007	0.006	0.004	0.005	0.0005	0.0002

Sample	As	Bi	Sb	Al	P	Ag	Cd	Cu
1	1.466	0.209	3.984	0.369	0.0459	0.901	0.140	74.75
2	1.467	0.211	3.986	0.371	0.0480	0.906	0.141	74.78
3	1.472	0.212	3.991	0.371	0.0482	0.907	0.146	74.82
4	1.490	0.213	4.088	0.384	0.0495	0.908	0.148	74.85
5	1.497	0.213	4.099	0.384	0.0496	0.909	0.148	74.86
6	1.501	0.218	4.115	0.388	0.0498	0.909	0.149	74.94
7	1.502	0.219	4.121	0.391	0.0498	0.912	0.151	
8	1.508	0.221	4.134	0.393	0.0532	0.914	0.152	
9	1.509	0.223	4.150	0.393	0.0538	0.915	0.153	
10	1.515	0.223	4.155	0.395	0.0540	0.918	0.153	
11	1.519	0.227	4.189	0.406	0.0548	0.924	0.153	
12	1.524	0.228	4.200	0.410	0.0556		0.154	
13	1.533	0.230			0.0562		0.155	
14	1.543	0.234					0.158	
15	1.550						0.159	
Mean	1.506	0.220	4.101	0.388	0.0514	0.911	0.151	74.83
Std Dev	0.026	0.008	0.076	0.013	0.0033	0.006	0.005	0.07
C_(95%)	0.014	0.005	0.048	0.008	0.0020	0.004	0.003	0.07

Note: C_(95%) is the 95% half-width confidence interval derived from the equation:

$$C_{(95\%)} = (t \times SD) / \sqrt{n}$$

where n is the number of available values, t is the Student's t value for n-1 degrees of freedom, and SD is the standard deviation of the test results.

Participating Laboratories

Exova Ltd
Sheffield Assay Office
Universal Scientific Laboratory Pty Ltd
Genitest, Inc
Institute of Iron & Steel Technology
Luo Yang Copper
Sargam Metals Pvt Ltd
Raghavendra Spectromet Laboratory
TCR Engineering Services Ltd
Institute of Non-Ferrous Metals
Colonial Metals Co
De Bruyn Spectroscopic Solutions Ltd
Coleshill Laboratories Ltd
London & Scandinavian Met Co
LECO Corporation

Middlesbrough, England
Sheffield, England
Milperra, NSW, Australia
Montreal, Canada
Shanghai, China
Luo Yang, He Nan, China
Chennai, India
Bangalore, India
Mumbai, India
Gliwice, Poland
Columbia, PA, USA
Johannesburg, South Africa
Birmingham, England
Rotherham, England
St Joseph, MI, USA

UKAS accreditation 0239
UKAS accreditation 0012
NATA accreditation 0492
PRI accreditation 123077
CNAL accreditation 0783
CNAL accreditation 0173
NABL accreditation 0025
NABL accreditation 0371
NABL accreditation 0367
PCA accreditation AB274

Note: to achieve the above accreditation (eg UKAS, NATA, etc), test houses must demonstrate conformity to the general requirements of EN ISO/IEC 17025.

Analytical Methods Used

ELEMENT	RESULT No. & METHOD			
	ICP-AES	FAAS	GD-AES	OTHER
Tin	3-5, 8-11, 13	12, 14	2	1 6, 7 8 1, 10 photometric (phenyl fluorone) volumetric (iodate) electrogravimetric volumetric (EDTA)
Lead	1, 3, 7, 9-12	2, 4, 6	5	8
Zinc	3-8	2, 9	11	1, 10
Iron	1-3, 5, 7-10	4, 6, 11, 12	13	
Manganese	1, 3, 5, 7-10, 15	2, 4, 11-14	6	
Nickel	3, 8-11	1, 2, 4, 6, 7	12	5 photometric (dimethyl glyoxime)
Cobalt	2, 3, 7-13	1, 4-6, 15	14	
Chromium	1-5, 8, 9, 11	6, 10	-	7 ICP-MS
Arsenic	1-3, 7, 8, 10-13, 15	4, 5, 9, 14	6	
Bismuth	3-7, 10, 12-14	1, 2, 8, 9	11	
Antimony	1-5, 7, 8, 10	6, 9, 11, 12	-	
Aluminium	1, 3, 4, 9, 10	2, 6, 7, 12	11	5, 8 photometric (chrome azurol S)
Phosphorus	3, 4, 7, 9-13	-	-	1, 2, 5, 8 6 8 photometric (molybdenum yellow) volumetric (alkalimetric) volumetric (thiocyanate)
Silver	1-3, 6, 9, 11	4, 5, 7	10	8 volumetric (thiocyanate)
Cadmium	2-4, 6-8, 11, 13, 15	1, 5, 9, 10, 14	12	
Copper	2, 6	-	-	1, 3 4, 5 electrogravimetric volumetric (thiosulfate)

Notes

This Certified Reference Material has been produced and certified in accordance with the requirements of ISO Guide 34-2009, ISO Guide 31-2000 and ISO Guide 35-2006, taking into account the requirements of the ISO Guide to the Expression of Uncertainty in Measurement (GUM).

The unidirectional solidification effects associated with semi-chill casting have led to the formation of inhomogeneous segregates in the rear portion of the disc. The above certification is therefore only applicable from the front face of the disc to a depth of 12mm. Material to the rear of the disc, to a depth of ~3mm, is not certified.

This material will remain stable provided adequate precautions are taken to protect it from cross-contamination, extremes of temperature and atmospheric moisture. All production records will be retained for a period of 20 years from the date of this certificate. This certification will therefore expire in July 2032, although we reserve the right to make changes as issue revisions, in the intervening period.

This material is also available in the form of chippings.

The manufacture, analysis and certification of this product were supervised by C Eveleigh, PhD, Technical Director, MBH Analytical Ltd.

The material to which this certificate of analysis refers is supplied subject to our general conditions of sale.