32X PB13 F Page 1 of 4 December 2018

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# CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

32X PB13 (batch F)

### **Certified Reference Material Information**

Type: PHOSPHOR BRONZE (CHILL CAST)

Form and Size: Disc ~40mm diameter

Manufactured by: Polycast Ltd

Certified and Supplied by: MBH Analytical Ltd

### **Assigned Values**

#### Percentage element by weight

Element	Sn	Pb	Zn	Fe	Ni	Al	Mn	Si
Value <sup>1</sup>	6.34	0.075	0.374	0.057	0.099	0.0034	0.0216	0.0107
Uncertainty <sup>2</sup>	0.02	0.002	0.006	0.002	0.003	0.0004	0.0009	0.0010

Element	Р	Co	As	Sb	Bi	Ag	Te	Cu
Value 1	0.128	0.0091	0.0309	0.1091	0.0309	0.0196	0.0298	92.64
Uncertainty <sup>2</sup>	0.003	0.0007	0.0011	0.0012	0.0012	0.0007	0.0010	0.06

## **Definitions**

- The certified values are the present best estimates of the true content for each element. Each value is a panel consensus, based on the averaged results of an interlaboratory testing programme, detailed on page 3.
- The uncertainty values are generated from the 95% confidence interval derived from the wet analysis results, in combination with a statistical assessment of the homogeneity data, as described on page 2.

## **Certified by:**

MBH ANALYTICAL LIMITED \_

on 13th December 2018

#### **Method of Preparation**

This reference material was produced from commercial-purity metals, and master alloys. The discs are the product of one melt poured into a sequence of multiple chill moulds with feeding systems designed to ensure sound discs. Approximately 2mm has been removed from the cast faces of the discs to minimise surface effects.

#### Sampling

Samples for chemical analysis were taken from various positions throughout the casting process. At least 15% of all discs were selected for non-destructive homogeneity testing.

### **Homogeneity**

Samples representative of the batch were checked for uniformity using an optical emission spectrometer.

For all accepted material, through-batch variation values were derived for each element as an indicator of any minor compositional variation (as determined for the specific sample size and other limitations of the spectrometer).

#### **Chemical Analysis**

Analysis was carried out on millings taken from samples representative of the product. It was performed by a panel of laboratories mostly operating within the terms of EN ISO/IEC 17025, using documented standard reference methods and validated by appropriate reference materials.

The individual values listed overpage are the average of each analyst's results.

#### **Estimation of Uncertainties**

Each element certified has been analysed by several laboratories, and 95% half-width confidence intervals ( $C_{(95\%)}$ ) for the resultant mean values have been derived by the method shown on page 3.

As a separate exercise, the degree of non-homogeneity of the batch for each element has been quantified by a programme of non-destructive application testing, described above.

The final certified uncertainty for each element has been derived by combining these two factors, using the square-root of the summed squares.

## **Traceability**

Much of the analytical work performed to assess this material has been carried out by laboratories with proven competence, as indicated by their accreditation to ISO 17025. It is an implicit requirement for this accreditation that analytical work should be performed with due traceability, via an unbroken chain of comparisons, each with stated uncertainty, to primary standards such as the mole, or to nationally- or internationally-recognised reference materials.

Of the individual results herein, some have traceability (to the mole) via primary analytical methods. Some are traceable to substances of known stoichiometry. Most have traceability via commercial solutions. Furthermore, some results have additional traceability to NIST standards, as part of the analytical calibration or process control.

#### **Usage**

Intended use: With optical emission and X-ray fluorescence spectrometers.

Recommended method of use:

Copper alloys are generally prepared by machining on a mill or a lathe. However, users are recommended to follow the calibration and sample preparation procedures specified by the relevant instrument manufacturer.

Preparation should be the same for reference materials and the samples for test.

A minimum of five consistent replicate analyses is recommended to provide the necessary sample size. Users are advised to check against possible bias between reference materials and production samples due to differences in metallurgical history, and be aware of possible inter-element effects.

## **Analytical Data**

			<u>Percentag</u>	je element b	y weight			
Sample	Sn	Pb	Zn	Fe	Ni	Al	Mn	Si
1	6.311	0.0721	0.3575	0.0528	0.0929	0.0022	0.0191	0.0089
2	6.327	0.0722	0.3580	0.0534	0.0931	0.0026	0.0192	0.0092
3	6.330	0.0726	0.3600	0.0543	0.0967	0.0026	0.0192	0.0093
4	6.335	0.0747	0.3683	0.0544	0.0980	0.0030	0.0205	0.0099
5	6.344	0.0751	0.3704	0.0549	0.0980	0.0031	0.0209	0.0101
6	6.344	0.0752	0.3709	0.0550	0.0981	0.0034	0.0210	0.0103
7 8	6.345 6.350	0.0762 0.0766	0.3714 0.3723	0.0554 0.0555	0.0985 0.0988	0.0038 0.0038	0.0215 0.0216	0.0111 0.0119
9	6.350	0.0700	0.3723	0.0564	0.1003	0.0038	0.0210	0.0119
10	6.354	0.0778	0.3752	0.0587	0.1000	0.0033	0.0213	0.0113
11	6.358	0.0783	0.3770	0.0589	0.1010	0.0040	0.0223	0.0124
12			0.3802	0.0596	0.1023	0.0040	0.0225	
13			0.3849	0.0597	0.1052	0.0043	0.0235	
14			0.3850	0.0608	0.1060		0.0237	
15			0.3870	0.0625			0.0243	
16			0.3882	0.0632				
Mean	6.341	0.0753	0.3737	0.0572	0.0994	0.0034	0.0216	0.0107
Std Dev	0.014	0.0022	0.0098	0.0033	0.0038	0.0007	0.0016	0.0013
C <sub>(95%)</sub>	0.009	0.0015	0.0052	0.0017	0.0022	0.0004	0.0009	0.0009
Sample	Р	Co	As	Sb	Bi	Ag	Te	Cu
1	0.1194	0.0073	0.0277	0.1058	0.0282	0.0181	0.0282	92.56
2	0.1241	0.0078	0.0292	0.1058	0.0289	0.0182	0.0285	92.58
3	0.1243	0.0082	0.0295	0.1076	0.0293	0.0183	0.0285	92.59
4	0.1247	0.0087	0.0303	0.1084	0.0294	0.0184	0.0289	92.60
5	0.1256	0.0088	0.0307	0.1086	0.0301	0.0196	0.0294	92.63
6	0.1270	0.0089	0.0307	0.1087	0.0305	0.0197	0.0296	92.64
7	0.1280	0.0091	0.0308	0.1090	0.0312	0.0199	0.0298	92.68
8 9	0.1290 0.1290	0.0092 0.0092	0.0315 0.0318	0.1090 0.1102	0.0312 0.0312	0.0199 0.0201	0.0303 0.0304	92.70 92.71
9 10	0.1290	0.0092	0.0316	0.1102	0.0312	0.0201	0.0304	92.74
11	0.1230	0.0096	0.0324	0.1100	0.0312	0.0201	0.0308	52.74
12	0.1382	0.0098	0.0342	0.1110	0.0316	0.0205	0.0331	
13		0.0099		0.1130	0.0334	0.0222		
14		0.0102			0.0347			
15		0.0107						
Mean	0.1276	0.0091	0.0309	0.1091	0.0309	0.0196	0.0298	92.64
Std Dev	0.0048	0.0009	0.0017	0.0021	0.0017	0.0012	0.0013	0.06
C <sub>(95%)</sub>	0.0030	0.0005	0.0011	0.0012	0.0010	0.0007	0.0009	0.04

Note:  $C_{(95\%)}$  is the 95% half-width confidence interval derived from the equation:

 $C_{(95\%)} = (t \times SD)/\sqrt{n}$ 

where n is the number of available values, t is the Student's t value for n-1 degrees of freedom, and SD is the standard deviation of the test results.

#### **Participating Laboratories**

Exova Ltd
Sheffield Analytical Services
Anchorcert Analytical
Universal Scientific Laboratory Pty Ltd
Shanghai Jinyi Test Tech Co
Luo Yang Copper
Genitest, Inc
Raghavendra Spectromet Laboratory
TCR Engineering Services Ltd
Tec-Eurolab
Institute of Non-Ferrous Metals
Mineral & Metallurgical Laboratories
INCDMNR-IMNR
AMG Superalloys UK Ltd

Analyticka Laborator Lithea sro

Middlesbrough, England
Sheffield, England
Birmingham, England
Milperra, NSW, Australia
Shanghai, China
Luo Yang, He Nan, China
Montreal, Canada
Bangalore, India
Mumbai, India
Campogalliano, Italy
Gliwice, Poland
Bangalore, India
Pantelimon, Romania
Rotherham, England
Brno, Czech Republic

UKAS accreditation 0239
UKAS accreditation 0012
UKAS accreditation 0667
NATA accreditation 0492
CNAS accreditation L0041
CNAL accreditation 0173
PJ accreditation L17-153
NABL accreditation 0371
NABL accreditation 0367
ACCREDIA accreditation 52
PCA accreditation AB274

Note: to achieve the above accreditation (UKAS, etc), test houses must demonstrate conformity to the general requirements of EN ISO/IEC 17025.

#### **Analytical Methods Used**

ELEMENT			RESULT No. & MET	HOD
	ICP-AES	FAAS		OTHER
Tin	4, 6-11	2	3, 5	volumetric (iodate)
			1	photometric (phenyl fluorone)
Lead	1-4, 6, 9, 11	5, 7, 10	8	gravimetric (sulfate)
Zinc	1, 5-10, 12, 14-16	2-4, 13	11	volumetric (EDTA)
Iron	1-4, 6, 8, 10-13, 16	5, 7, 15	9	photometric (orthophenthroline)
			14	volumetric (redox)
Nickel	1, 2, 6, 8-14	3, 4, 7	5	photometric (dimethyl glyoxime)
Aluminium	1, 3-7, 9, 11-13	2, 8, 10		
Manganese	3-5, 7-9, 11-15	1, 6, 10	2	volumetric (arsenite)
Silicon	2, 4, 6-10	-	1, 3, 5, 11	photometric (molybdenum blue)
Phosphorus	1, 2, 4-7, 12	-	3, 8	volumetric (alkalimetric)
			9-11	photometric (molybdenum yellow)
Cobalt	2-7, 9-12, 14	1, 8, 13	15	gravimetric
Arsenic	1-3, 5-11	4	12	photometric (turbidity)
Antimony	2-4, 6, 8-13	1, 5	7	photometric (crystal violet)
Bismuth	1, 4-6, 8-13	3, 7, 14	2	gravimetric
Silver	1, 2, 4-6, 8-11	3, 12, 13	7	gravimetric (chloride)
Tellurium	1, 3-12	2		
Copper	5, 7, 10	-	1, 8	electrogravimetric
			2-4, 6, 9	volumetric (thiosulfate)

#### **Notes**

This Certified Reference Material has been produced and certified, wherever possible, in accordance with the requirements of ISO 17034 and the associated Guides, taking into account the requirements of the ISO Guide to the Expression of Uncertainty in Measurement (GUM).

The unidirectional solidification effects associated with this method of chill casting have led to the formation of inhomogeneous segregates in the rear portion of the disc. The above certification is therefore only applicable from the front face of the disc to a depth of 12mm. Material to the rear of the disc, to a depth of ~3mm, is not certified.

This material will remain stable indefinitely, provided adequate precautions are taken to protect it from cross-contamination, extremes of temperature and atmospheric moisture. All production records will be retained for a period of 20 years from the date of this certificate. Technical support for this certification will therefore expire in December 2038, although we reserve the right to make changes as issue revisions, in the intervening period.

This sample is also available in the form of chippings.

The manufacture, analysis and certification of this product were supervised by C Eveleigh, PhD, Technical Director, MBH Analytical Ltd.

The material to which this certificate of analysis refers is supplied subject to our general conditions of sale.