

33X RB2 A Page 1 of 4 May 2004

HOLLAND HOUSE • QUEENS ROAD • BARNET • EN5 4DJ • ENGLAND • TEL: +44 (0)20 8441 2024 • FAX: +44 (0)20 8449 0810 email: info@mbh.co.uk web: www.mbh.co.uk

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

33X RB2 (batch A)

Certified Reference Material Information

Type: LEADED RED BRASS (CHILL CAST)

Form and Size: Disc 42mm Diameter x 17mm Thickness

Produced by: Polycast Limited

Certified and supplied by: MBH Analytical Limited

Certified Analysis

Percentage element by weight

Element	Sn	Pb	Zn	Fe	Ni	Со	Al	Si	As
Value 1	3.19	3.85	9.14	0.493	0.255	0.0352	0.0362	0.0116	0.0211
Uncertainty ²	0.05	0.08	0.07	0.007	0.004	0.0014	0.0014	0.0009	0.0011

Element	Mn	Bi	Sb	Р	Mg	Cr	Ag	S	Cu
Value 1	0.0028	0.101	0.019	0.0208	0.0008	0.0017	0.0029	0.078	82.67
Uncertainty ²	0.0003	0.004	0.003	0.0011	0.0002	0.0004	0.0003	0.003	0.12

Definitions

- The certified values are the present best estimates of the true content for each element. Each value is a panel consensus, based on the averaged results of an interlaboratory testing programme, detailed on page 3.
- The uncertainty values are generated from the 95% confidence interval derived from the wet analysis results, in combination with a statistical assessment of the homogeneity data, as described on page 2.

Certified by:

on 4th May 2004

MBH ANALYTICAL LIMITED __

C Eveleigh





Method of Preparation

This reference material was produced from commercial-purity metals, and master alloys. The discs are the product of one melt poured sequentially into multiple chill moulds with feeding systems designed to ensure sound discs. Metal was removed from the cast faces of the discs to minimise surface effects.

Sampling

Samples for chemical analysis, and discs for homogeneity checks, were taken from several positions throughout the casting process. Approximately 10% of all discs were incorporated into the schedule for homogeneity checking.

Homogeneity

The discs were checked for sample and batch uniformity using an optical emission spectrometer. Multiple measurements were taken from each surface under test.

For each of the surfaces checked, the differences between the averaged result and the overall mean value were evaluated to ensure that the overall homogeneity of the material comprising the batch satisfied the definition given in ISO guide 30 - 1992.

Using the individual data from each check, standard deviation values were derived for each element. These values were combined with the 95% half-width confidence intervals ($C_{(95\%)}$) obtained from the wet analysis programme, using the square-root of the summed squares, to derive the final uncertainty values.

Chemical Analysis

Analysis was carried out on millings taken from samples representative of the product. It was performed by a panel of laboratories mostly operating within the terms of EN ISO/IEC 17025 - 2000, using documented standard reference methods and validated by appropriate reference materials.

The individual values listed overpage are the average of each analyst's results.

Traceability

Most of the analytical work performed to assess this material has been carried out by laboratories with proven competence, as indicated by their accreditation to a national authority. It is part of the requirement for this accreditation that analytical work should be performed with due traceability, via an unbroken chain of comparisons, each with stated uncertainty, to primary standards such as the mole, or to nationally- or internationally-recognised primary reference materials.

<u>Usage</u>

Intended use: With optical emission and X-ray fluorescence spectrometers.

Recommended method of use:

Copper alloys are generally prepared by machining on a mill or a lathe. However, users are recommended to follow the calibration and sample preparation procedures specified by the relevant instrument manufacturer.

Preparation should be the same for reference materials and the samples for test.

A minimum of four consistent replicate analyses is recommended to optimise precision and accuracy. Users are advised to check against possible bias between reference materials and production samples due to differences in metallurgical history, and be aware of possible inter-element effects.

Analytical Data

Percentage element by weight

Sample	Sn	Pb	Zn	Fe	Ni	Со	Al	Si	As
1	3.074	3.76	9.053	0.483	0.242	0.0328	0.0333	0.010	0.0193
2	3.110	3.792	9.065	0.488	0.251	0.0330	0.0342	0.0100	0.020
3	3.15	3.801	9.11	0.489	0.252	0.0333	0.0347	0.011	0.0203
4	3.16	3.845	9.16	0.492	0.255	0.0345	0.0348	0.011	0.0208
5	3.19	3.860	9.17	0.494	0.255	0.0359	0.0353	0.0111	0.0209
6	3.21	3.88	9.20	0.50	0.255	0.036	0.037	0.0124	0.021
7	3.22	3.88	9.22	0.50	0.257	0.036	0.0375	0.0125	0.021
8	3.23	3.89		0.501	0.257	0.037	0.038	0.013	0.023
9	3.255	3.89			0.26	0.038	0.038	0.013	0.024
10	3.266	3.928			0.264		0.039		
Mean	3.187	3.853	9.140	0.493	0.255	0.0352	0.0362	0.0116	0.0211
Std Dev	0.062	0.053	0.065	0.007	0.006	0.0019	0.0019	0.0012	0.0015
C _(95%)	0.045	0.038	0.060	0.006	0.004	0.0014	0.0014	0.0009	0.0011
Sample	Mn	Bi	Sb	Р	Mg	Cr	Ag	s	Cu
1	0.002	0.096	0.016	0.0194	0.0005	0.0013	0.0024	0.075	82.60
2	0.0024	0.096	0.016	0.0195	0.0006	0.0013	0.0025	0.077	82.61
_	0.0000	0.000	0.0407	0.0007	0.0007	0.0044	0.0000	0.077	00.7

Sample	Mn	Bi	Sb	Р	Mg	Cr	Ag	S	Cu
1	0.002	0.096	0.016	0.0194	0.0005	0.0013	0.0024	0.075	82.60
2	0.0024	0.096	0.016	0.0195	0.0006	0.0013	0.0025	0.077	82.61
3	0.0028	0.099	0.0167	0.0207	0.0007	0.0014	0.0029	0.077	82.7
4	0.0028	0.100	0.017	0.0208	0.0007	0.0020	0.0030	0.0789	82.72
5	0.0029	0.101	0.0182	0.021	0.0010	0.0020	0.0031	0.080	82.73
6	0.0029	0.102	0.021	0.022	0.0011	0.0021	0.0032	0.081	
7	0.0031	0.103	0.0238	0.022					
8	0.0033	0.110	0.024						
Mean	0.0028	0.101	0.0191	0.0208	0.0008	0.0017	0.0029	0.078	82.67
Std Dev	0.0004	0.004	0.0034	0.0010	0.0002	0.0004	0.0003	0.002	0.06
C _(95%)	0.0003	0.004	0.0028	0.0010	0.0002	0.0004	0.0003	0.002	0.08

Note: $C_{(95\%)}$ is the 95% half-width confidence interval derived from the equation:

 $C_{(95\%)} = (t \times SD)/\sqrt{n}$

where n is the number of available values, t is the Student's t value for n-1 degrees of freedom, and SD is the standard deviation of the test results.

Participating Laboratories

Zurich Certification Ltd
Sheffield Assay Office
Bodycote Materials Testing
Laboratory Testing Inc
Universal Scientific Laboratory Pty Ltd
Luo Yang Copper
Institute of Iron & Steel Technology
Maristas-Azterlan SL
RWTUV Laboratory
Anglo-American Research Labs Pty Ltd
Coleshill Laboratories Ltd

West Bromwich, England Sheffield, England Middlesbrough, England Hatfield, PA, USA Milperra, NSW, Australia Luo Yang, He Nan, China Shanghai, China Saibigain, Durango, Spain Brno, Czech Republic Johannesburg, South Africa Coleshill, England UKAS accreditation 0854 UKAS accreditation 0012 UKAS accreditation 0239 A2LA accreditation 0117 NATA accreditation 0492 CNAL accreditation 0173 CNAL accreditation 0783 ENAC accreditation 0059 CIA accreditation 1060

Note: to achieve National Accreditation (UKAS, NATA, A2LA, CNAL, ENAC, CIA), test houses must demonstrate conformity to the general requirements of EN ISO/IEC 17025 and ISO9002.

Analytical Methods Used

ELEMENT	RESULT No. & METHOD								
	ICP-AES	FAAS		OTHER					
Tin	1-3, 5-7, 9, 10		4, 8	volumetric (iodate)					
Lead	2-5, 7-10	1, 6							
Zinc	1-3, 6, 7	4	5	volumetric (EDTA)					
Iron	1-4, 7, 8	5	6	Photometric (orthophenanthroline)					
Nickel	1, 3-8, 10	2, 9							
Cobalt	1-5, 7-9	6							
Aluminium	1, 3-5, 7-10	2	6	photometric (chrome azurol-S)					
Silicon	2, 4-9	-	1, 3	photometric (molybdenum blue)					
Arsenic	1-5, 7-9	6		, ,					
Manganese	1, 2, 4-8	3							
Bismuth	1-5, 7, 8	6							
Antimony	2-8	1							
Phosphorus	1-3, 7	-	4, 5, 6	photometric (molybdenum yellow)					
Magnesium	1-6	-							
Chromium	1, 2, 4-6	3							
Silver	1, 2, 4-6	3							
Sulfur	1	-	2, 4-6	combustion with infra-red detection					
			3	combustion with volumetric detection					
Copper	3	-	2, 5	electrogravimetric					
			1, 4	volumetric (thiosulphate)					

Notes

This Certified Reference Material has been produced and certified in accordance with the requirements of ISO Guide 34-2000, ISO Guide 31-2000 and ISO Guide 35-1989, taking into account the requirements of ASTM E1724, ASTM E1831 and the ISO Guide to the Expression of Uncertainty in Measurement (GUM).

The combination of alloying elements used in a complex material of this type, coupled with the unidirectional solidification effects associated with chill casting, may lead to the formation of inhomogeneous segregates in the rear portion of the disc. The above certification is therefore only applicable from the front face of the disc. Material to the rear of the disc, to a depth of ~5mm, is not certified.

This material will remain stable provided adequate precautions are taken to protect it from cross-contamination, extremes of temperature and atmospheric moisture. All production records will be retained for a period of 20 years from the date of this certificate. This certification will therefore expire in May 2024, although we reserve the right to make changes as issue revisions, in the intervening period.

This sample is also available in the form of chippings.

The manufacture, analysis and certification of this product were supervised by C Eveleigh, PhD, Technical Director, MBH Analytical Ltd.

The material to which this certificate of analysis refers is supplied subject to our general conditions of sale.