

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

36X CN10 (batch B)

Certified Reference Material Information

Type:	CUPRO-NICKEL (CHILL CAST)
Form and Size:	Disc ~40mm diameter
Produced by:	Polycast Ltd
Certified and supplied by:	MBH Analytical Ltd

Assigned Values

Percentage element by weight

Element	Sn	Pb	Fe	Ni	Co	Si	Mn	Cr	Nb
Value ¹	0.0164	0.013	4.76	28.35	0.122	0.906	0.552	1.491	0.450
Uncertainty ²	0.0007	0.001	0.03	0.12	0.002	0.010	0.010	0.014	0.010

Element	Al	Ti	Zn	P	S	C	B	Zr	Cu
Value ¹	1.346	0.227	0.058	(0.009)	0.030	0.0107	(0.012)	0.080	61.63
Uncertainty ²	0.013	0.004	0.002	-	0.002	0.0008	-	0.002	0.10

Note: values given in parentheses are not certified - they are provided for information only.

Definitions

- ¹ The assigned values are the present best estimates of the true content for each element. Each value is a panel consensus, based on the averaged results of an interlaboratory testing programme, detailed on page 3.
- ² The uncertainty values are generated from the 95% confidence interval derived from the wet analysis results, in combination with a statistical assessment of the homogeneity data, as described on page 2.

Certified by:

MBH ANALYTICAL LIMITED _____

on 8th January 2014

C Eveleigh



Method of Preparation

This reference material was produced from commercial-purity metals, binaries and master alloys. The discs are the product of one melt poured into a sequence of multiple chill moulds with feeding systems designed to ensure sound discs. Approximately 2mm has been removed from the cast faces of the discs to minimise surface effects.

Sampling

Samples for chemical analysis were taken from various positions throughout the casting process. At least 15% of all discs were selected for non-destructive homogeneity testing.

Homogeneity

The discs were checked for sample and batch uniformity using an optical emission spectrometer.

Using the meaned data from each surface, standard deviation values were derived for each element as an indicator of any non-homogeneity (as determined for the specific sample size taken by the spectrometer).

Chemical Analysis

Analysis was carried out on millings taken from samples representative of the product. It was performed by a panel of laboratories mostly operating within the terms of EN ISO/IEC 17025 - 2005, using documented standard reference methods and validated by appropriate reference materials.

The individual values listed overpage are the average of each analyst's results.

Estimation of Uncertainties

Each element certified has been analysed by several laboratories, and 95% half-width confidence intervals ($C_{(95\%)}$) for the resultant mean values have been derived by the method shown on page 3.

As a separate exercise, the degree of non-homogeneity of the batch for each element has been quantified by a programme of non-destructive application testing, discussed above.

The final certified uncertainty for each element has been derived by combining these two factors, using the square-root of the summed squares.

Traceability

Much of the analytical work performed to assess this material has been carried out by laboratories with proven competence, as indicated by their accreditation to ISO 17025. It is an implicit requirement for this accreditation that analytical work should be performed with due traceability, via an unbroken chain of comparisons, each with stated uncertainty, to primary standards such as the mole, or to nationally- or internationally-recognised reference materials. In addition, some of the results derived as part of this testing programme have traceability to NIST standards, as part of the analytical calibration or process control.

Usage

Intended use: With optical emission and X-ray fluorescence spectrometers.

Recommended method of use: Copper alloys are generally prepared by machining on a mill or a lathe. However, users are recommended to follow the calibration and sample preparation procedures specified by the relevant instrument manufacturer.

Preparation should be the same for reference materials and the samples for test.

A minimum of five consistent replicate analyses is recommended to provide the necessary sample size. Users are advised to check against possible bias between reference materials and production samples due to differences in metallurgical history, and be aware of possible inter-element effects.

Analytical Data

Percentage element by weight

Sample	Sn	Pb	Fe	Ni	Co	Si	Mn	Cr	Nb
1	0.0141	0.0126	4.680	28.21	0.116	0.879	0.536	1.445	0.444
2	0.0150	0.0126	4.721	28.22	0.118	0.893	0.537	1.461	0.445
3	0.0152	0.0127	4.742	28.26	0.118	0.897	0.539	1.462	0.445
4	0.0158	0.0129	4.749	28.27	0.120	0.899	0.544	1.486	0.450
5	0.0160	0.0130	4.761	28.28	0.121	0.900	0.545	1.487	0.453
6	0.0161	0.0132	4.763	28.35	0.123	0.901	0.547	1.488	0.457
7	0.0163	0.0137	4.765	28.36	0.123	0.913	0.548	1.491	0.458
8	0.0164		4.786	28.36	0.124	0.915	0.550	1.497	
9	0.0170		4.797	28.44	0.124	0.922	0.561	1.506	
10	0.0172		4.808	28.45	0.127	0.922	0.561	1.513	
11	0.0174			28.49	0.127	0.930	0.563	1.514	
12	0.0174			28.54	0.127		0.575	1.515	
13	0.0187						0.576	1.519	
Mean	0.0164	0.0130	4.757	28.35	0.122	0.906	0.552	1.491	0.450
Std Dev	0.0012	0.0004	0.038	0.11	0.004	0.015	0.014	0.023	0.006
C_(95%)	0.0007	0.0004	0.027	0.07	0.002	0.010	0.008	0.014	0.005

Sample	Al	Ti	Zn	P	S	C	B	Zr	Cu
1	1.320	0.215	0.0531	0.0042	0.0259	0.0093	0.0088	0.0748	61.54
2	1.327	0.216	0.0555	0.0048	0.0260	0.0094	0.0101	0.0756	61.55
3	1.329	0.223	0.0562	0.0066	0.0281	0.0095	0.0121	0.0785	61.59
4	1.333	0.223	0.0572	0.0069	0.0289	0.0095	0.0124	0.0794	61.60
5	1.340	0.224	0.0574	0.0076	0.0294	0.0107	0.0128	0.0796	61.62
6	1.346	0.226	0.0582	0.0089	0.0296	0.0107	0.0140	0.0802	61.63
7	1.349	0.228	0.0586	0.0093	0.0296	0.0108	0.0145	0.0809	61.64
8	1.351	0.229	0.0592	0.0114	0.0305	0.0110		0.0818	61.69
9	1.354	0.230	0.0594	0.0119	0.0313	0.0110		0.0824	61.71
10	1.370	0.233	0.0598	0.0122	0.0319	0.0122		0.0834	61.77
11	1.382	0.235	0.0604	0.0125	0.0332	0.0123		0.0841	
12		0.236	0.0604		0.0334				
13			0.0632		0.0335				
Mean	1.346	0.227	0.0584	0.0088	0.0301	0.0107	0.0121	0.0801	61.63
Std Dev	0.019	0.007	0.0026	0.0030	0.0025	0.0013	0.0020	0.0030	0.07
C_(95%)	0.013	0.004	0.0015	0.0020	0.0015	0.0008	0.0019	0.0020	0.05

Note: $C_{(95\%)}$ is the 95% half-width confidence interval derived from the equation:

$$C_{(95\%)} = (t \times SD) / \sqrt{n}$$

where n is the number of available values, t is the Student's t value for n-1 degrees of freedom, and SD is the standard deviation of the test results.

Participating Laboratories

Exova Ltd	Middlesbrough, England	UKAS accreditation 0239
Sheffield Assay Office	Sheffield, England	UKAS accreditation 0012
Metals Technology Ltd	Sheffield, England	UKAS accreditation 0963
Universal Scientific Laboratory Pty Ltd	Milperra, NSW, Australia	NATA accreditation 0492
Genitest, Inc	Montreal, QC, Canada	PRI accreditation 123077
Institute of Iron & Steel Technology	Shanghai, China	CNAL accreditation 0783
Luo Yang Copper	Luo Yang, He Nan, China	CNAL accreditation 0173
Bureau Veritas Pvt Ltd	Chennai, India	NABL accreditation 0025
Raghavendra Spectromet Laboratory	Bangalore, India	NABL accreditation 0371
TCR Engineering Services Ltd	Mumbai, India	NABL accreditation 0367
Institute of Non-Ferrous Metals	Gliwice, Poland	PCA accreditation AB274
Tec-Eurolab	Campogalliano, Italy	ACCREDIA accreditation 52
London & Scandinavian Met. Co	Rotherham, England	
Coleshill Laboratories Ltd	Birmingham, England	
Lithea sro	Brno, Czech Republic	

Note: to achieve the above accreditation (UKAS, NATA, etc), test houses must demonstrate conformity to the general requirements of EN ISO/IEC 17025.

Analytical Methods Used

ELEMENT	RESULT No. & METHOD		
	ICP-AES	FAAS	OTHER
Tin	2, 3, 5-12	4, 13	1 photometric (phenyl fluorone)
Lead	2, 5-7	1, 3, 4	
Iron	3-8	2, 10	1 photometric (orthophenanthroline)
Nickel	2-4, 6, 8, 11, 12	-	9 volumetric (dichromate)
Cobalt	1, 2, 7-12	3-6	1, 5, 7, 9 gravimetric (dimethyl glyoxime)
Silicon	2, 5, 6, 8, 10, 11	-	10 volumetric (diethyl glyoxime)
Manganese	1, 3-6, 8-11	2, 7, 13	1, 9 photometric (molybdenum blue)
Chromium	2-6, 9-13	1, 7, 8	3, 4, 7 gravimetric (perchloric acid)
Niobium	1, 3-6	7	12 photometric (periodate)
Aluminium	1, 4, 6-11	2, 5	2 ICP-MS
Titanium	1-3, 5-9, 12	10, 11	3 photometric (chrome azurol S)
Zinc	1, 2, 4, 5, 8-13	3, 6, 7	4 ICP-MS
Phosphorus	4, 5, 8-10	-	1, 2, 7 photometric (molybdenum yellow)
Sulfur	2, 8	-	3, 6, 11 volumetric (alkalimetric)
Carbon	-	-	1, 3-7, 9-13 combustion (infra-red detection)
Boron	1, 2, 4-7	3	all combustion (infra-red detection)
Zirconium	1, 3-5, 7, 9-11	2, 6	8 ICP-MS
Copper	3, 6, 10	-	1, 4, 5, 7 electrogravimetric
			2, 8, 9 volumetric (thiosulfate)

Notes

This Certified Reference Material has been produced and certified in accordance with the requirements of ISO Guide 34-2009, ISO Guide 31-2000 and ISO Guide 35-2006, taking into account the requirements of the ISO Guide to the Expression of Uncertainty in Measurement (GUM).

The unidirectional solidification effects associated with semi-chill casting have led to the formation of inhomogeneous segregates in the rear portion of the disc. The above certification is therefore only applicable from the front face of the disc to a depth of 12mm. Material to the rear of the disc, to a depth of ~3mm, is not certified.

This material will remain stable indefinitely, provided adequate precautions are taken to protect it from cross-contamination, extremes of temperature and atmospheric moisture. All production records will be retained for a period of 20 years from the date of this certificate. Technical support for this certification will therefore expire in January 2034, although we reserve the right to make changes as issue revisions, in the intervening period.

This material is also available in the form of chippings.

The manufacture, analysis and certification of this product were supervised by C Eveleigh, PhD, Technical Director, MBH Analytical Ltd.

The material to which this certificate of analysis refers is supplied subject to our general conditions of sale.