

# CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

## 36X CN11 (batch A)

### Certified Reference Material Information

Type: CUPRO-NICKEL (WROUGHT)  
Form and Size: Disc 40mm Diameter x 15mm Thickness  
Produced by: Langley Alloys Ltd  
Certified and supplied by: MBH Analytical Ltd

### Assigned Values

#### Percentage element by weight

Element	Fe	Ni	Co	Mn	Cr	Nb	Si	Mg
Value <sup>1</sup>	0.992	14.96	0.0049	4.34	0.380	0.124	0.083	0.0241
Uncertainty <sup>2</sup>	0.015	0.08	0.0008	0.03	0.010	0.003	0.005	0.0010

Element	Al	Sn	Pb	Zn	P	S	C	Cu
Value <sup>1</sup>	1.457	(0.002)	(0.003)	(0.006)	(0.002)	0.0012	(0.001)	77.56
Uncertainty <sup>2</sup>	0.019	-	-	-	-	0.0002	-	0.14

Note: values given in parentheses are not certified - they are provided for information only.

### Definitions

- <sup>1</sup> The assigned values are the present best estimates of the true content for each element. Each value is a panel consensus, based on the averaged results of an interlaboratory testing programme, detailed on page 3.
- <sup>2</sup> The uncertainty values are generated from the 95% confidence interval derived from the wet analysis results, in combination with a statistical assessment of the homogeneity data, as described on page 2.

### Certified by:

MBH ANALYTICAL LIMITED \_\_\_\_\_ on 5<sup>th</sup> August 2008

C Eveleigh



## **Method of Preparation**

This reference material was produced from commercial-purity metals, and master alloys. The discs are the product of one melt, continuous cast and cold-worked to bar of the final desired diameter.

## **Sampling**

Samples for chemical analysis were taken from various positions throughout the bar. At least 10% of all discs were selected for non-destructive homogeneity testing.

## **Homogeneity**

The discs were checked for sample and batch uniformity using an optical emission spectrometer.

Using the meaned data from each surface, standard deviation values were derived for each element as an indicator of any non-homogeneity (as determined for the specific sample size taken by the spectrometer).

## **Chemical Analysis**

Analysis was carried out on millings taken from samples representative of the product. It was performed by a panel of laboratories mostly operating within the terms of EN ISO/IEC 17025 - 2000, using documented standard reference methods and validated by appropriate reference materials.

The individual values listed overpage are the average of each analyst's results.

## **Estimation of Uncertainties**

Each element certified has been analysed by several laboratories, and 95% half-width confidence intervals ( $C_{(95\%)}$ ) for the resultant mean values have been derived by the method shown on page 3.

As a separate exercise, the degree of non-homogeneity of the batch for each element has been quantified by a programme of non-destructive application testing, discussed above.

The final certified uncertainty for each element has been derived by combining these two factors, using the square-root of the summed squares.

## **Traceability**

Most of the analytical work performed to assess this material has been carried out by laboratories with proven competence, as indicated by their accreditation to a national authority. It is part of the requirement for this accreditation that analytical work should be performed with due traceability, via an unbroken chain of comparisons, each with stated uncertainty, to primary standards such as the mole, or to nationally- or internationally-recognised primary reference materials.

## **Usage**

Intended use: With optical emission and X-ray fluorescence spectrometers.

Recommended method of use: Cupro-nickels are generally prepared by finishing, turning or milling. However, users are recommended to follow the calibration and sample preparation procedures specified by the relevant instrument manufacturer.

Preparation should be the same for reference materials and the samples for test.

A minimum of five consistent replicate analyses is recommended to provide the necessary sample size. Users are advised to check against possible bias between reference materials and production samples due to differences in metallurgical history, and be aware of possible inter-element effects.

## Analytical Data

### Percentage element by weight

Sample	Fe	Ni	Co	Mn	Cr	Nb	Si	Mg
1	0.964	14.81	0.0030	4.270	0.359	0.115	0.0701	0.0218
2	0.976	14.86	0.0030	4.296	0.365	0.121	0.074	0.0222
3	0.976	14.86	0.0031	4.31	0.366	0.121	0.0753	0.0230
4	0.982	14.88	0.0040	4.321	0.367	0.121	0.078	0.023
5	0.996	14.88	0.0042	4.33	0.374	0.122	0.0792	0.0232
6	0.998	14.94	0.0052	4.331	0.379	0.125	0.0810	0.0234
7	1.007	14.95	0.0052	4.340	0.380	0.125	0.0812	0.0236
8	1.013	15.00	0.0054	4.351	0.384	0.126	0.0881	0.024
9	1.020	15.01	0.0058	4.382	0.388	0.127	0.0886	0.0246
10		15.07	0.0059	4.389	0.391	0.131	0.0892	0.0252
11		15.10	0.0060	4.415	0.391	0.132	0.0901	0.0264
12		15.12	0.0061		0.396		0.091	0.0264
13			0.0066		0.401		0.0941	0.0267
<b>Mean</b>	<b>0.992</b>	<b>14.96</b>	<b>0.0049</b>	<b>4.340</b>	<b>0.380</b>	<b>0.124</b>	<b>0.083</b>	<b>0.0241</b>
<b>Std Dev</b>	0.019	0.10	0.0013	0.043	0.013	0.005	0.008	0.0016
<b>C<sub>(95%)</sub></b>	0.015	0.07	0.0008	0.029	0.008	0.003	0.005	0.0010

Sample	Al	Sn	Pb	Zn	P	S	C	Cu
1	1.412	0.0013	0.0016	0.0030	0.0007	0.0008	0.0005	77.37
2	1.437	0.0014	0.0018	0.0032	0.0010	0.0010	0.0011	77.40
3	1.44	0.0024	0.0022	0.0034	0.0015	0.0011	0.0015	77.45
4	1.45	0.0027	0.0031	0.0043	0.0017	0.0011	0.0015	77.52
5	1.451	0.0027	0.0042	0.0045	0.0020	0.0011	<0.001	77.58
6	1.452	0.0034	0.0045	0.0054	0.0024	0.0012	<0.003	77.68
7	1.464			0.0069	0.0025	0.0013		77.70
8	1.467			0.0074	0.0025	0.0014		77.81
9	1.487			0.0093		0.0015		
10	1.505			0.0111				
<b>Mean</b>	<b>1.457</b>	<b>0.0023</b>	<b>0.0029</b>	<b>0.0059</b>	<b>0.0018</b>	<b>0.0012</b>	<b>(0.001)</b>	<b>77.56</b>
<b>Std Dev</b>	0.026	0.0008	0.0012	0.0028	0.0007	0.0002	-	0.16
<b>C<sub>(95%)</sub></b>	0.019	0.0009	0.0013	0.0020	0.0006	0.0002	-	0.13

Note: C<sub>(95%)</sub> is the 95% half-width confidence interval derived from the equation:

$$C_{(95\%)} = (t \times SD) / \sqrt{n}$$

where n is the number of available values, t is the Student's t value for n-1 degrees of freedom, and SD is the standard deviation of the test results.

## Participating Laboratories

Bodycote Materials Testing	Middlesbrough, England	UKAS accreditation 0239
Sheffield Assay Office	Sheffield, England	UKAS accreditation 0012
Metals Technology Testing, Ltd	Sheffield, England	UKAS accreditation 0963
Laboratory Testing, Inc	Hatfield, PA, USA	A2LA accreditation 0117
Universal Scientific Laboratory Pty Ltd	Milperra, NSW, Australia	NATA accreditation 0492
Institute of Iron & Steel Technology	Shanghai, China	CNAL accreditation 0783
Luo Yang Copper Co	Luo Yang, He Nan, China	CNAL accreditation 0173
TCR Engineering Services Ltd	Mumbai, India	NABL accreditation 0367
Sargam Metals Pvt Ltd	Chennai, India	NABL accreditation 0025
Genitest, Inc	Montreal, Canada	PRI accreditation 123077
Laboratory TUV-Nord Czech	Brno, Czech Republic	CAI accreditation 1060
Colonial Metals Co	Columbia, PA, USA	
Rotech Laboratories Ltd	Wednesbury, England	
De Bruyn Spectroscopic Solutions Ltd	Johannesburg, South Africa	

Note: to achieve National Accreditation (eg UKAS, A2LA, NATA, CNAL, etc), test houses must demonstrate conformity to the general requirements of EN ISO/IEC 17025.

## Analytical Methods Used

ELEMENT	RESULT No. & METHOD		
	ICP-AES	FAAS	OTHER
Iron	1-4, 7, 8	5, 6	9 photometric (orthophenanthroline)
Nickel	1-3, 5-7, 9, 12	-	4 volumetric (EDTA/dimethyl glyoxime)
			8, 10, 11 gravimetric (dimethyl glyoxime)
Cobalt	1-3, 5, 8-13	4, 6, 7	
Manganese	2-4, 6, 7, 9-11	1, 5, 8	
Chromium	1, 3, 5-8, 10-13	2, 4, 9	
Niobium	1-4, 7-11	6	5 ICP-MS
Silicon	1, 6, 8, 9, 11, 13	-	2 XRF
			5, 7, 10 gravimetric (perchloric acid)
Magnesium	1-4, 6-8, 10, 11, 13	5, 9, 12	3, 4, 12 photometric (molybdenum blue)
Aluminium	1-3, 7-9	6	4 volumetric (EDTA)
			5, 10 photometric (chrome azurol S)
Tin	1-4, 6	5	
Lead	2, 4, 6	1, 3, 5	
Zinc	1-5, 7, 9, 10	6, 8	
Phosphorus	1, 3, 4, 6, 8	-	2 volumetric (alkalimetry)
			5, 7 photometric (molybdenum yellow)
Sulfur	4, 5	-	1-3, 6-9 combustion (infra-red detection)
Carbon	-	-	1-6 combustion (infra-red detection)
Copper	7	-	2, 3, 5, 8 electrogravimetric
			1, 4, 6 volumetric (thiosulfate)

## Notes

This Certified Reference Material has been produced and certified in accordance with the requirements of ISO Guide 34-2000, ISO Guide 31-2000 and ISO Guide 35-1989, taking into account the requirements of the ISO Guide to the Expression of Uncertainty in Measurement (GUM).

This certificate is applicable to the whole of the disc. However, in accordance with normal procedures for OES sampling, it is appropriate to avoid the central portion, of diameter ~8mm.

This material will remain stable provided adequate precautions are taken to protect it from cross-contamination, extremes of temperature and atmospheric moisture. All production records will be retained for a period of 20 years from the date of this certificate. This certification will therefore expire in August 2028, although we reserve the right to make changes as issue revisions, in the intervening period.

This sample is also available in the form of chippings.

The manufacture, analysis and certification of this product were supervised by C Eveleigh, PhD, Technical Director, MBH Analytical Ltd.

The material to which this certificate of analysis refers is supplied subject to our general conditions of sale.