

CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

42X Z16 (batch A)

Certified Reference Material Information

Type: ZINC / ALUMINIUM ALLOY (CAST)
Form and Size: Disc ~50mm diameter
Produced by: MBH Analytical Ltd
Certified and supplied by: MBH Analytical Ltd

Assigned Values

Percentage element by weight

Element	Pb	Mg	Al	Cd	Fe	Sn	Cu
Value ¹	0.0090	0.105	12.28	0.0045	0.033	0.0034	0.235
Uncertainty ²	0.0005	0.002	0.06	0.0002	0.005	0.0002	0.004

Element	Ni	Mn	Cr	Si	In	Tl
Value ¹	0.0039	0.0028	0.0007	0.011	0.0051	(0.0028)
Uncertainty ²	0.0002	0.0002	0.0002	0.002	0.0002	-

Notes: values given in parentheses are not certified - they are provided for information only.

Definitions

- ¹ The certified values are the present best estimates of the true content for each element. Each value is a panel consensus, based on the averaged results of an interlaboratory testing programme, detailed on page 3.
- ² The uncertainty values are generated from the 95% confidence interval derived from the wet analysis results, in combination with a statistical assessment of the homogeneity data, as described on page 2.

Certified by:

MBH ANALYTICAL LIMITED _____

on 9th August 2011

C Eveleigh



Method of Preparation

This certified reference material was produced from commercial zinc, with the major alloys and traces added as pure elements or master alloys, targeting the nominal composition indicated for UNS Z33730. The metal was cast from the bulk melt by sequential transfer of aliquots into individual iron chill moulds. At least 1mm has been machined from the working face of each disc, to minimise surface effects.

Sampling

Samples for chemical analysis were taken from throughout the casting process. In addition, at least 10% of all discs, chosen at random from the complete batch, were checked for homogeneity.

Homogeneity

The discs were checked for sample and batch uniformity using an optical emission spectrometer.

Using the meaned data from each surface, standard deviation values were derived for each element as an indicator of any non-homogeneity (as determined for the specific sample size taken by the spectrometer).

Chemical Analysis

Analysis was carried out on millings taken from samples representative of the product. It was performed by a panel of laboratories mostly operating within the terms of EN ISO/IEC 17025 - 2005, using documented standard reference methods and validated by appropriate reference materials.

The individual values listed overpage are the average of each analyst's results.

Estimation of Uncertainties

Each element certified has been analysed by several laboratories, and 95% half-width confidence intervals ($C_{(95\%)}$) for the resultant mean values have been derived by the method shown on page 3.

As a separate exercise, the degree of non-homogeneity of the batch for each element has been quantified by a programme of non-destructive application testing, discussed above.

The final certified uncertainty for each element has been derived by combining these two factors, using the square-root of the summed squares.

Traceability

Much of the analytical work performed to assess this material has been carried out by laboratories with proven competence, as indicated by their accreditation to ISO 17025. It is an implicit requirement for this accreditation that analytical work should be performed with due traceability, via an unbroken chain of comparisons, each with stated uncertainty, to primary standards such as the mole, or to nationally- or internationally-recognised reference materials. In addition, some of the results derived as part of this testing programme have traceability to NIST standards, as part of the analytical calibration or process control.

Usage

Intended use: With optical emission and X-ray fluorescence spectrometers.

Recommended method of use: Zinc and zinc alloys are generally prepared by machining on a mill or lathe. However, users are recommended to follow the calibration and sample preparation procedures specified by the relevant instrument manufacturer.

Preparation should be the same for reference materials and the samples for test.

For OES the sample should be of sufficient mass to prevent excess heating during sparking, and the discharge chamber should be regularly cleaned as directed by the instrument manufacturer.

A minimum of five consistent replicate analyses is recommended to provide the necessary sample size. Users are advised to check against possible bias between reference materials and production samples due to differences in metallurgical history, and be aware of possible inter-element effects.

Analytical Data

Percentage element by weight

Sample	Pb	Mg	Al	Cd	Fe	Sn	Cu
1	0.0078	0.1020	12.10	0.0043	0.0298	0.0027	0.2238
2	0.0079	0.1023	12.16	0.0043	0.0309	0.0029	0.2259
3	0.0080	0.1028	12.25	0.0043	0.0311	0.0031	0.2310
4	0.0083	0.1030	12.25	0.0043	0.0312	0.0031	0.2310
5	0.0088	0.1032	12.26	0.0044	0.0316	0.0032	0.2326
6	0.0091	0.1043	12.28	0.0044	0.0319	0.0033	0.2333
7	0.0092	0.1045	12.29	0.0044	0.0322	0.0033	0.2339
8	0.0095	0.1050	12.30	0.0044	0.0322	0.0034	0.2340
9	0.0096	0.1061	12.31	0.0045	0.0328	0.0034	0.2360
10	0.0097	0.1066	12.37	0.0046	0.0337	0.0035	0.2370
11	0.0100	0.1070	12.38	0.0046	0.0346	0.0036	0.2397
12	0.0100	0.1070	12.41	0.0046	0.0351	0.0036	0.2436
13		0.1073		0.0048	0.0353	0.0038	0.2440
14		0.1080		0.0048		0.0038	0.2442
15		0.1082				0.0039	
16		0.1089				0.0041	
Mean	0.0090	0.1054	12.28	0.0045	0.0325	0.0034	0.2350
Std Dev	0.0008	0.0023	0.09	0.0002	0.0017	0.0004	0.0063
C_(95%)	0.0005	0.0012	0.06	0.0001	0.0010	0.0002	0.0036

Sample	Ni	Mn	Cr	Si	In	Tl
1	0.0036	0.0022	0.0004	0.0081	0.0045	0.0018
2	0.0037	0.0024	0.00055	0.0088	0.0045	0.0021
3	0.0037	0.0024	0.0006	0.0097	0.0049	0.0025
4	0.0038	0.0024	0.0006	0.0099	0.0050	0.0026
5	0.0038	0.0026	0.0007	0.0105	0.0050	0.0028
6	0.0038	0.0027	0.0007	0.0108	0.0051	0.0031
7	0.0038	0.0027	0.00076	0.0110	0.0051	0.0032
8	0.0039	0.0028	0.0008	0.0119	0.0051	0.0035
9	0.0040	0.0029	0.0008	0.0121	0.0052	0.0035
10	0.0041	0.0029	0.0009	0.0138	0.0052	
11	0.0042	0.0029	0.0009	0.0139	0.0052	
12	0.0044	0.0030	0.00095	0.0141	0.0054	
13	0.0045	0.0030	0.0010	0.0146	0.0055	
14		0.0031			0.0056	
15		0.0033				
Mean	0.0039	0.0028	0.00074	0.0114	0.0051	0.0028
Std Dev	0.0003	0.0003	0.00017	0.0021	0.0003	0.0006
C_(95%)	0.0002	0.0002	0.00011	0.0014	0.0002	0.0005

Note: C_(95%) is the 95% half-width confidence interval derived from the equation:

$$C_{(95\%)} = (t \times SD) / \sqrt{n}$$

where n is the number of available values, t is the Student's t value for n-1 degrees of freedom, and SD is the standard deviation of the test results.

Participating Laboratories

Exova Materials Testing Ltd
Sheffield Assay Office
Universal Scientific Laboratory Pty Ltd
Laboratory Testing, Inc
Genitest, Inc
Luo Yang Copper
Institute of Iron & Steel Technology
South-West Aluminium Group
TCR Engineering Services Ltd
Sargam Metals Pvt Ltd
Raghavendra SpectroMet Laboratory
Institute of Non-Ferrous Metals
London & Scandinavian Met Co
Coleshill Laboratories Ltd
Sun Metals Corp

Middlesbrough, England
Sheffield, England
Milperra, NSW, Australia
Hatfield, PA, USA
Montreal, Canada
Luo Yang, He Nan, China
Shanghai, China
Jiulong Puo, Sichuan, China
Mumbai, India
Chennai, India
Bangalore, India
Gliwice, Poland
Rotherham, England
Birmingham, England
Townsville, Qld, Australia

UKAS accreditation 0239
UKAS accreditation 0012
NATA accreditation 492
A2LA accreditation 0117
PRI accreditation 123077
CNAL accreditation 0173
CNAL accreditation 0783
CNAL accreditation T007
NABL accreditation 0367
NABL accreditation 0025
NABL accreditation T371
PCA accreditation AB274

Note: to achieve the above accreditation (eg UKAS, NATA, etc), test houses must demonstrate conformity to the general requirements of EN ISO/IEC 17025.

Analytical Methods Used

ELEMENT	RESULT No. & METHOD		
	ICP-AES	FAAS	OTHER
Lead	1-4, 7, 9-11	5, 6, 8, 12	
Magnesium	1-5, 7-9, 12, 15, 16	6, 10, 11, 13, 14	
Aluminium	1, 2, 5, 6, 10, 12	11	3, 7 4, 9 12 photometric (chrome azurol S) volumetric (EDTA) gravimetric (8-hydroxyquinoline)
Cadmium	1-4, 7, 8, 10, 11, 13, 14	5, 6, 9, 12	
Iron	1, 2, 5, 9-13	4, 6-8	3 photometric (orthophenanthroline)
Tin	1, 4, 7-15	2, 3, 5	6, 16 photometric (phenyl fluorone)
Copper	2, 4-7, 10-14	1, 3, 8, 9, 11	
Nickel	1-3, 6-8, 10-12	4, 5, 9, 13	
Manganese	1-4, 9-11, 13-15	7, 8, 12	5, 6 photometric (periodate)
Chromium	3-7, 9-13	1, 2, 8	
Silicon	1, 2, 5, 7-9, 12	4	3, 6, 10, 11 13 photometric (molybdenum blue) ICP-MS
Indium	1-3, 5-7, 10-13	4, 8, 9, 14	
Thallium	1-3, 5-9	-	4 ICP-MS

Notes

This Certified Reference Material has been produced and certified in accordance with the requirements of ISO Guide 34-2009, ISO Guide 31-2000 and ISO Guide 35-2006, taking into account the requirements of the ISO Guide to the Expression of Uncertainty in Measurement (GUM).

The unidirectional solidification effects associated with this method of casting may have led to the formation of inhomogeneous segregates in the rear portion of the disc. The above certification is therefore only applicable from the front face of the disc, to a depth of ~10mm. Material to the rear of the disc, to a depth of ~10mm, is not certified.

This material will remain stable indefinitely, provided adequate precautions are taken to protect it from cross-contamination, extremes of temperature and atmospheric moisture. All production records will be retained for a period of 20 years from the date of original analysis. This certification will therefore expire in August 2031, although we reserve the right to make changes as issue revisions, in the intervening period.

This sample is also available in the form of chippings.

The manufacture, analysis and certification of this product were supervised by C Eveleigh, PhD, Technical Director, MBH Analytical Ltd.

The material to which this certificate of analysis refers is supplied subject to our general conditions of sale.