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CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

57X G12H7 (batch A)

Certified Reference Material Information

Type: ALUMINIUM/COPPER/SILICON (CAST)

Form and Size: Disc ~50mm diameter

Produced by: Coleshill Laboratories Ltd

Certified and Supplied by: MBH Analytical Ltd

Assigned Values

Percentage element by weight

Element	Cu	Mg	Si	Fe	Mn	Ni	Zn	Pb
Value ¹	4.75	0.020	1.21	0.369	0.0327	0.0380	0.384	0.030
Uncertainty ²	0.03	0.003	0.02	0.005	0.0006	0.0012	0.005	0.002

Element	Sn	Ti	Cr	Co	V	Zr	В	Cd
Value ¹	0.0307	0.0565	0.0221	0.0483	0.0111	0.0328	0.0093	0.0002
Uncertainty 2	0.0012	0.0016	0.0009	0.0014	0.0002	0.0012	0.0006	0.0001

Definitions

- The certified values are the present best estimates of the true content for each element. Each value is a panel consensus, based on the averaged results of an interlaboratory testing programme, detailed on page 3.
- The uncertainty values are generated from the 95% confidence interval derived from the wet analysis results, in combination with a statistical assessment of the homogeneity data, as described on page 2.

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MBH ANALYTICAL LIMITED		on 5 th August 2014 —–
	C Eveleigh	

Method of Preparation

This reference material was produced from commercial-purity aluminium. The main alloys and trace elements were added as elements, binaries or other master alloys. The melt was degassed using sodium-free flux, prior to casting by sequential transfer of aliquots into individual iron moulds.

Sampling

Samples for chemical analysis were taken from various positions throughout the batch. Approximately 10% of all discs were selected for non-destructive homogeneity testing.

Homogeneity

The discs were checked for sample and batch uniformity using an optical emission spectrometer.

Using the combined data for each surface, standard deviation values were derived for each element as an indicator of any non-homogeneity (as determined for the specific sample size taken by the spectrometer).

Chemical Analysis

Analysis was carried out on millings taken from samples representative of the product. It was performed by a panel of laboratories mostly operating within the terms of EN ISO/IEC 17025 - 2005, using documented standard reference methods and validated by appropriate reference materials. The individual values listed overpage are the average of each analyst's results.

Estimation of Uncertainties

Each element certified has been analysed by several laboratories, and 95% half-width confidence intervals ($C_{(95\%)}$) for the resultant mean values have been derived by the method shown on page 3.

As a separate exercise, the degree of non-homogeneity of the batch for each element has been quantified by a programme of non-destructive application testing, discussed above.

The final certified uncertainty for each element has been derived by combining these two factors, using the square-root of the summed squares.

Traceability

Much of the analytical work performed to assess this material has been carried out by laboratories with proven competence, as indicated by their accreditation to ISO 17025. It is an implicit requirement for this accreditation that analytical work should be performed with due traceability, via an unbroken chain of comparisons, each with stated uncertainty, to primary standards such as the mole, or to nationally- or internationally-recognised reference materials. In addition, some of the results derived as part of this testing programme have traceability to NIST standards, as part of the analytical calibration or process control.

Usage

Intended use: With optical emission and X-ray fluorescence spectrometers.

Recommended method of use:

Aluminium alloys are generally prepared by machining on a mill or a lathe. However, users are recommended to follow the calibration and sample preparation procedures specified by the relevant instrument manufacturer.

Preparation should be the same for reference materials and the samples for test.

A minimum of five consistent replicate analyses is recommended to provide the necessary sample size. Users are advised to check against possible bias between reference materials and production samples due to differences in metallurgical history, and be aware of possible inter-element effects.

Analytical Data

Percentage element by weight								
Sample	Cu	Mg	Si	Fe	Mn	Ni	Zn	Pb
1	4.704	0.0174	1.171	0.358	0.0316	0.0357	0.375	0.0276
2	4.718	0.0179	1.181	0.363	0.0317	0.0362	0.377	0.0279
3	4.722	0.0182	1.181	0.366	0.0317	0.0368	0.381	0.0280
4	4.730	0.0183	1.188	0.366	0.0318	0.0376	0.381	0.0286
5	4.730	0.0190	1.193	0.367	0.0318	0.0376	0.384	0.0289
6	4.732	0.0194	1.196	0.367	0.0322	0.0378	0.385	0.0294
7	4.752	0.0194	1.224	0.371	0.0325	0.0383	0.387	0.0296
8	4.752	0.0197	1.234	0.372	0.0329	0.0383	0.387	0.0301
9	4.760	0.0205	1.236	0.372	0.0331	0.0386	0.388	0.0301
10 11	4.775 4.783	0.0206 0.0208	1.237 1.251	0.376 0.379	0.0333 0.0335	0.0392 0.0393	0.390 0.393	0.0302 0.0325
12	4.813	0.0200	1.251	0.579	0.0335	0.0393	0.595	0.0323
13	4.010	0.0200			0.0350	0.0400		0.0334
14		0.0217			0.0000			0.0340
Mean	4.748	0.0196	1.208	0.369	0.0327	0.0380	0.384	0.0302
Std Dev	0.031	0.0013	0.028	0.006	0.0010	0.0014	0.005	0.0022
C (95%)	0.020	0.0008	0.019	0.004	0.0006	0.0009	0.004	0.0012
Sample	Sn	Ti	Cr	Со	V	Zr	В	Cd
1	0.0279	0.0535	0.0192	0.0466	0.0107	0.0303	0.0080	0.0001
2	0.0287	0.0539	0.0201	0.0466	0.0109	0.0303	0.0085	0.0001
3	0.0294	0.0541	0.0207	0.0470	0.0110	0.0305	0.0086	0.00011
4	0.0296	0.0541	0.0211	0.0472	0.0110	0.0312	0.0086	0.00015
5	0.0305	0.0552	0.0216	0.0477	0.0111	0.0314	0.0087	0.0002
6 7	0.0306 0.0316	0.0568 0.0568	0.0216 0.0220	0.0479 0.0479	0.0111 0.0112	0.0328 0.0330	0.0095 0.0097	0.0002 0.00028
<i>7</i> 8	0.0316	0.0508	0.0220	0.0479	0.0112	0.0330	0.0097	0.00028
9	0.0318	0.0576	0.0224	0.0484	0.0112	0.0336	0.0101	0.0004
10	0.0322	0.0584	0.0224	0.0484	0.0113	0.0340	0.0101	0.000
11	0.0324	0.0586	0.0230	0.0493	0.0114	0.0342	0.0110	
12	0.0325	0.0588	0.0240	0.0510	0.0114	0.0350		
13		0.0592	0.0242	0.0513	0.0116	0.0364		
14			0.0247					
Mean	0.0307	0.0565	0.0221	0.0483	0.0111	0.0328	0.0093	0.0002
Std Dev	0.0015	0.0021	0.0016	0.0015	0.0002	0.0019	0.0009	0.0001
C (95%)	0.0010	0.0013	0.0009	0.0009	0.0001	0.0012	0.0006	0.0001

Note: $C_{(95\%)}$ is the 95% half-width confidence interval derived from the equation:

 $C_{(95\%)} = (t \times SD)/\sqrt{n}$

where n is the number of available values, t is the Student's t value for n-1 degrees of freedom, and SD is the standard deviation of the test results.

Participating Laboratories

Exova Ltd
Sheffield Assay Office
Universal Scientific Laboratory Pty Ltd
Genitest Inc
South-West Aluminium Group
Shandong Metallurgical & Science Research
Bureau Veritas CPS Pvt Ltd
Raghavendra Spectromet Laboratory
Institute of Non-Ferrous Metals
Tec-Eurolab
Mineral & Metallurgical Laboratories
London & Scandinavian Met. Co
Coleshill Laboratories Ltd
Lithea sro

Middlesbrough, England Sheffield, England Milperra, NSW, Australia Montreal, Canada Jiulong Puo, Sichuan, China Jinan, Shandong, China Chennai, India Bangalore, India Gliwice, Poland Campogalliano, Italy Bangalore, India Rotherham, England Birmingham, England Brno, Czech Republic UKAS accreditation 0239
UKAS accreditation 0012
NATA accreditation 0492
PRI accreditation 123077
CNAL accreditation T007
CNAS accreditation 1461
NABL accreditation 0025
NABL accreditation 0371
PCA accreditation AB274
ACCREDIA accreditation 52

Note: to achieve the above accreditation (UKAS, NATA, etc), test houses must demonstrate conformity to the general requirements of EN ISO/IEC 17025.

Analytical Methods Used

ELEMENT	RESULT No. & METHOD						
	ICP-AES	FAAS		OTHER			
Copper	2, 8-10, 12	4-6, 11	1	photometric (BCO)			
			3, 7	volumetric (thiosulfate)			
Magnesium	1-3, 6-11, 14	4, 5, 12, 13					
Silicon	3, 5, 10, 11	-	1, 2, 4, 7-9	gravimetric (perchloric acid)			
			6	photometric (molybdenum blue)			
Iron	2, 7-10	4, 5	1	volumetric (redox)			
			3, 6, 11	photometric (orthophenanthroline)			
Manganese	1, 3, 4, 7-11	2, 6, 13	5, 12	photometric (periodate)			
Nickel	1, 4, 5, 8-10, 12	3, 6, 7, 11	2	photometric (dimethyl glyoxime)			
Zinc	3, 4, 6, 8-11	1, 2, 5, 7					
Lead	1-3, 5, 9-14	4, 6-8					
Tin	1-6, 8, 9, 12	7, 11	10	photometric (phenylfluorone)			
Titanium	1, 4-6, 8-10, 12, 13	2, 11	3, 7	photometric (di-antipyryl methane)			
Chromium	1, 2, 4-7, 10, 11, 14	3, 8, 9, 12	13	photometric (diphenyl carbazide)			
Cobalt	1-4, 6-8, 11, 13	5, 9, 10, 12					
Vanadium	1, 3, 6-10, 12, 13	2, 4, 11	5	photometric (5 Br-PADAP)			
Zirconium	2-8, 10-13	-	1	ICP-MS			
			9	photometric (thiocyanate)			
Boron	1-4, 6, 8-11	5, 7					
Cadmium	2, 4-6, 8	1, 3, 5, 9					

Notes

This Certified Reference Material has been produced and certified, wherever possible, in accordance with the requirements of ISO Guide 34-2009, ISO Guide 31-2000 and ISO Guide 35-2006, taking into account the requirements of the ISO Guide to the Expression of Uncertainty in Measurement (GUM).

The unidirectional solidification effects associated with semi-chill casting of this product, have led to the formation of inhomogeneous segregates in the rear portion of the disc. The above certification is therefore only applicable from the front face of the disc for a depth of 12mm. Material to the rear of the disc, to a depth of 8mm, is not certified.

This material will remain stable indefinitely, provided adequate precautions are taken to protect it from cross-contamination, extremes of temperature and atmospheric moisture. All production records will be retained for a period of 20 years from the date of original analysis. Technical support for this certification will therefore expire in August 2034, although we reserve the right to make changes as issue revisions, in the intervening period.

This sample is also available in the form of chippings.

The specification, preparation, analysis and certification of this product were supervised by C Eveleigh, PhD, Technical Director, MBH Analytical Ltd.

The material to which this certificate of analysis refers is supplied subject to our general conditions of sale.