

74X CA6 B Page 1 of 4 December 2012

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CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

74X CA6 (batch B)

Certified Reference Material Information

Type: TIN-BASE LEAD-FREE SOLDER (CAST)

Form and Size: Disc 40mm Diameter x 15mm Thickness

Manufactured by: MBH Analytical Ltd

Certified and Supplied by: MBH Analytical Ltd

Assigned Values

Percentage element by weight

Element	Ag	Cu	Pb	Bi	Sb	Р	Fe	As
Value ¹	0.305	0.602	0.0287	0.0098	(0.010)	(0.001)	0.0120	0.0133
Uncertainty ²	0.005	0.007	0.0011	0.0005	-	-	0.0015	0.0009

Element	Al	In	Cd	Zn	Ni	Se	Au	Hg
Value ¹	(0.0003)	0.0243	0.0005	(0.0005)	0.0246	(0.0005)	0.0050	0.0039
Uncertainty ²	-	0.0006	0.0001	-	0.0010	-	0.0004	0.0004

Note: values given in parentheses are not certified - they are provided for information only

Definitions

- The certified values are the present best estimates of the true content for each element. Each value is a panel consensus, based on the averaged results of an interlaboratory testing programme, detailed on page 3.
- The uncertainty values are generated from the 95% confidence interval derived from the wet analysis results, in combination with a statistical assessment of the homogeneity data, as described on page 2.

Certified by:			
MBH A	NALYTICAL	LIMITED	

on 26th December 2012

C Eveleigh

Method of Preparation

This reference material was produced from commercial tin; the major alloys and traces were added as single elements or as master alloys. The melt was cast by sequential transfer of aliquots into iron moulds. At least 1mm has been removed from the working face of each disc, to minimise any surface effects.

Sampling

Samples for chemical analysis were taken from various positions throughout the casting process. At least 10% of all discs were selected for non-destructive homogeneity testing.

Homogeneity

The discs were checked for sample and batch uniformity using an optical emission spectrometer.

Using the meaned data from each surface, standard deviation values were derived for each element as an indicator of any non-homogeneity (as determined for the specific sample size taken by the spectrometer).

Chemical Analysis

Analysis was carried out on turnings taken from samples representative of the product. It was performed by participating laboratories mostly operating within the terms of EN ISO/IEC 17025 - 2005, using documented standard methods of analysis.

The individual values listed overpage are the average of each analyst's results.

Estimation of Uncertainties

Each element certified has been analysed by several laboratories, and 95% half-width confidence intervals ($C_{(95\%)}$) for the resultant mean values have been derived by the method shown on page 3.

As a separate exercise, the degree of non-homogeneity of the batch for each element has been quantified by a programme of non-destructive application testing, discussed above.

The final certified uncertainty for each element has been derived by combining these two factors, using the square-root of the summed squares.

Traceability

Much of the analytical work performed to assess this material has been carried out by laboratories with proven competence, as indicated by their accreditation to ISO 17025. It is an implicit requirement for this accreditation that analytical work should be performed with due traceability, via an unbroken chain of comparisons, each with stated uncertainty, to primary standards such as the mole, or to nationally- or internationally-recognised reference materials. In addition, some of the results derived as part of this testing programme have traceability to NIST standards, as part of the analytical calibration or process control.

<u>Usage</u>

Intended use: With optical emission and X-ray fluorescence spectrometers.

Recommended method of use:

Tin is generally prepared by machining on a lathe. However, users are recommended to follow the calibration and sample preparation procedures specified by the relevant instrument manufacturer.

Preparation should be the same for reference materials and the samples for test.

A minimum of five consistent replicate analyses is recommended to provide the necessary sample size. Users are advised to check against possible bias between reference materials and production samples due to differences in metallurgical history, and be aware of possible inter-element effects.

Analytical Data

Percen [*]	<u>tage e</u>	<u>lement</u>	<u>by we</u>	<u>ight</u>

Sample	Ag	Cu	Pb	Bi	Sb	Р	Fe	As
1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12	0.298 0.298 0.299 0.301 0.303 0.304 0.305 0.307 0.308 0.314 0.315	0.592 0.595 0.599 0.600 0.601 0.602 0.604 0.606 0.606 0.607 0.611	0.0264 0.0268 0.0273 0.0278 0.0283 0.0289 0.0290 0.0297 0.0302 0.0307 0.0310	0.0088 0.0091 0.0091 0.0093 0.0095 0.0097 0.0101 0.0101 0.0104 0.0107 0.0111	0.0092 0.0094 0.0097 0.0100 0.0100 0.0102 0.0103 0.0104 0.0106 0.0109 0.0112 0.0115	0.0002 0.0008 0.0009 0.0011 0.0019	0.0095 0.0104 0.0108 0.0109 0.0116 0.0116 0.0119 0.0130 0.0141 0.0143 0.0148	0.0112 0.0117 0.0122 0.0130 0.0136 0.0139 0.0142 0.0142 0.0144 0.0146
Mean	0.305	0.602	0.0287	0.0098	0.0102	0.0010	0.0120	0.0133
Std Dev	0.006	0.006	0.0016	0.0007	0.0007	0.0006	0.0017	0.0012
C _(95%)	0.004	0.004	0.0011	0.0005	0.0004	0.0008	0.0011	0.0009
Sample 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14	AI 0.0001 0.00020 0.00022 0.00034 0.0004 0.0005 0.0006	In 0.0224 0.0226 0.0233 0.0242 0.0242 0.0243 0.0245 0.0247 0.0247 0.0250 0.0250 0.0254 0.0261	Cd 0.0004 0.0004 0.0004 0.00048 0.00049 0.0005 0.0005 0.0005 0.0005	Zn 0.0003 0.0003 0.0004 0.0004 0.0004 0.0005 0.0005 0.00066 0.0007 0.0007	Ni 0.0222 0.0223 0.0231 0.0240 0.0242 0.0243 0.0247 0.0249 0.0253 0.0254 0.0256 0.0256 0.0266 0.0267	Se 0.0003 0.00033 0.0004 0.0004 0.0005 0.0005 0.0006 0.00086	Au 0.0044 0.0045 0.0047 0.0048 0.0051 0.0055 0.0056	Hg 0.0032 0.0032 0.0036 0.0038 0.0039 0.0040 0.0041 0.0041
Mean	0.00034	0.0243	0.00048	0.00049	0.0246	0.00049	0.0050	0.0039
Std Dev	0.00018	0.0011	0.00006	0.00015	0.0014	0.00018	0.0005	0.0005
C _(95%)	0.00016							

Note: $C_{(95\%)}$ is the 95% half-width confidence interval derived from the equation:

 $C_{(95\%)} = (t \times SD)/\sqrt{n}$

where n is the number of available values, t is the Student's t value for n-1 degrees of freedom, and SD is the standard deviation of the test results.

Participating Laboratories

Exova Ltd
Sheffield Assay Office
Universal Scientific Laboratory Pty Ltd
Genitest, Inc
Luo Yang Copper
Institute of Iron & Steel Technology
TCR Engineering Services Ltd
Sargam Metals Pvt Ltd
Institute of Non-Ferrous Metals
AIM Metals and Alloys LP
De Bruyn Spectroscopic Solutions Ltd
Raghavendra Spectrometallurgical Laboratory
London & Scandinavian Met Co
Coleshill Laboratories Ltd

Middlesbrough, England Sheffield, England Milperra, NSW, Australia Montreal, Canada Luo Yang, He Nan, China Shanghai, China Mumbai, India Chennai, India Gliwice, Poland Montreal, Canada Johannesburg, South Africa Bangalore, India Rotherham, England Birmingham, England UKAS accreditation 0239 UKAS accreditation 0012 NATA accreditation 0492 PRI accreditation 123077 CNAL accreditation 0173 CNAL accreditation 0783 NABL accreditation 0367 NABL accreditation 0025 PCA accreditation AB274

Note: to achieve the above-noted accreditation (eg UKAS, NATA, etc.), test houses must demonstrate conformity to the general requirements of EN ISO/IEC 17025.

Analytical Methods Used

<u>ELEMENT</u>	RESULT No. & METHOD					
	ICP-AES	FAAS		OTHER		
Silver	2, 6-11	1, 3, 5	4	volumetric (thiocyanate)		
Copper	1, 3, 4, 7, 9, 10	2, 5, 8, 11	6	volumetric (thiosulfate)		
Lead	2, 5-11	1, 3, 4				
Bismuth	2-4, 6-9, 11, 12	1, 5	10	photometric (iodide)		
Antimony	1, 2, 5-10, 13	3, 4, 11, 12		. ,		
Phosphorus	1-3, 5	-	4	ICP-MS		
Iron	1-3, 5, 7, 8, 10, 12	4, 9, 11	6	photometric (orthophenanthroline)		
Arsenic	1-4, 6, 8-10	5	7	photometric (molybdenum blue)		
Aluminium	1, 3-5, 7	-	2	photometric (chrome azurol S)		
			6	ICP-MS		
Indium	1-3, 7-9, 11-13	4-6, 10				
Cadmium	2-4, 7-9	1, 5, 10	6	ICP-MS		
Zinc	1-3, 6, 7, 9, 11	4, 8, 10	5	ICP-MS		
Nickel	1, 2, 4, 6-8, 10, 12-14	3, 5, 9, 11				
Selenium	2, 4-8	1	3	ICP-MS		
Gold	1-5, 8	6	7	ICP-MS		
Mercury	1, 2, 4-9	-	3	ICP-MS		

Notes

This Certified Reference Material has been produced and certified in accordance with the requirements of ISO Guide 34-2009, ISO Guide 31-2000 and ISO Guide 35-2006, taking into account the requirements of the ISO Guide to the Expression of Uncertainty in Measurement (GUM).

The unidirectional solidification effects associated with semi-chill casting have led to the formation of inhomogeneous segregates in the rear portion of the disc. The above certification is therefore only applicable from the front face of the disc to a depth of 10mm. The rear portion of the disc, to a depth of ~5mm, is not certified.

This material is liable to superficial corrosion. There is also a possibility for microstructural changes due to recrystallisation, and diffusion effects may lead to the concentration of some elements at the surface. For X-ray and other superficial sampling techniques, it is therefore recommended that the surface is refreshed immediately prior to use. In all other respects, this sample will remain stable indefinitely, provided adequate precautions are taken to protect it from cross-contamination, extremes of temperature and atmospheric moisture. All production records will be retained for a period of 20 years from the date of this certificate. This certification will therefore expire in December 2032, although we reserve the right to make changes as issue revisions, in the intervening period.

This sample is also available in the form of chippings.

The manufacture, analysis and certification of this product were supervised by C Eveleigh, PhD, Technical Director, MBH Analytical Ltd.

The material to which this certificate of analysis refers is supplied subject to our general conditions of sale.