

85X PSb10 B Page 1 of 4 September 2008

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CERTIFICATE OF ANALYSIS

85X PSb10 (batch B)

Certified Reference Material Information

Type: LEAD / ANTIMONY (CAST)

Form and Size: Disc 40mm Diameter x 15mm Thickness

Produced by: Universal Scientific Laboratory Pty Ltd

Certified and supplied by: MBH Analytical Ltd

Assigned Values

Percentage element by weight

Element	Sb	Sn	Bi	Se	Ni	Cd
Value ¹	10.00	0.090	0.0410	0.0020	0.0027	0.0018
Uncertainty ²	0.05	0.005	0.0016	0.0005	0.0002	0.0001

Element	Те	Ag	As	Cu	Zn	S
Value ¹	0.0037	0.0020	0.127	0.169	0.015	<0.001
Uncertainty 2	0.0004	0.0003	0.002	0.004	0.002	-

Note: values given in parentheses are not certified - they are provided for information only.

Definitions

- The certified values are the present best estimates of the true content for each element. Each value is a panel consensus, based on the averaged results of an interlaboratory testing programme, detailed on page 3.
- The uncertainty values are generated from the 95% confidence interval derived from the wet analysis results, in combination with a statistical assessment of the homogeneity data, as described on page 2.

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MBH ANALYTICAL LIMITED _		on 21st September 2008
	C Eveleigh	

Method of Preparation

This reference material was produced from commercial lead and antimony; the other alloying ingredients were added as single elements or as binary alloys. The melt was cast by sequential transfer of aliquots into iron moulds. Approximately 2mm has been removed from the working face to minimise any surface effects.

Sampling

Samples for chemical analysis were taken from various positions throughout the casting process. At least 10% of all discs were selected for non-destructive homogeneity testing.

Homogeneity

The discs were checked for sample and batch uniformity using an optical emission spectrometer. One disc was also checked for vertical uniformity.

Using the combined data for each surface, standard deviation values were derived for each element as an indicator of any non-homogeneity (as determined for the specific sample size taken by the spectrometer).

Chemical Analysis

Analysis was carried out on millings taken from samples representative of the product. It was performed by a panel of laboratories mostly operating within the terms of EN ISO/IEC 17025 - 2000, using documented standard reference methods and validated by appropriate reference materials.

The individual values listed overpage are the average of each analyst's results.

Estimation of Uncertainties

Each element certified has been analysed by several laboratories, and 95% half-width confidence intervals ($C_{(95\%)}$) for the resultant mean values have been derived by the method shown on page 3.

As a separate exercise, the degree of non-homogeneity of the batch for each element has been quantified by a programme of non-destructive application testing, discussed above.

The final certified uncertainty for each element has been derived by combining these two factors, using the square-root of the summed squares.

Traceability

Most of the analytical work performed to assess this material has been carried out by laboratories with proven competence, as indicated by their accreditation to a national authority. It is part of the requirement for this accreditation that analytical work should be performed with due traceability, via an unbroken chain of comparisons, each with stated uncertainty, to primary standards such as the mole, or to nationally- or internationally-recognised primary reference materials.

Usage

Intended use: With optical emission and X-ray fluorescence spectrometers.

Recommended method of use:

Lead and its alloys are generally prepared by machining on a lathe. However, users are recommended to follow the calibration and sample preparation procedures specified by the relevant instrument manufacturer.

Preparation should be the same for reference materials and the samples for test.

A minimum of five consistent replicate analyses is recommended to provide the necessary sample size. Users are advised to check against possible bias between reference materials and production samples due to differences in metallurgical history, and be aware of possible inter-element effects.

Analytical Data

Percentage element by weight	ıht
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Sample	Sb	Sn	Bi	Se	Ni	Cd
1	9.881	0.0740	0.0361	0.0010	0.0022	0.0015
2	9.924	0.0758	0.0365	0.0012	0.0023	0.0016
3	9.95	0.0869	0.0391	0.0012	0.0024	0.0016
4	9.952	0.0870	0.0402	0.0015	0.0025	0.0017
5	9.959	0.0879	0.0409	0.0019	0.0025	0.0017
6	9.966	0.088	0.0411	0.0020	0.0026	0.0018
7	9.977	0.0893	0.0412	0.0020	0.0028	0.0019
8	10.00	0.0905	0.0414	0.0025	0.0029	0.0019
9	10.05	0.096	0.0425	0.0025	0.0030	0.0019
10	10.075	0.0972	0.0425	0.0028	0.0031	0.0019
11	10.10	0.0979	0.0430	0.0032	0.0031	0.0021
12	10.116	0.101	0.0439		0.0032	0.0022
13		0.1030	0.0450			
Mean	9.996	0.090	0.0410	0.0020	0.0027	0.0018
Std Dev	0.074	0.009	0.0026	0.0007	0.0003	0.0002
C _(95%)	0.047	0.005	0.0016	0.0005	0.0002	0.0001
Sample	Te	Ag	As	Cu	Zn	S
1	0.0028	0.0015	0.122	0.160	0.0114	0.0001
2	0.0028	0.0016	0.125	0.163	0.0120	0.0004
3	0.0031	0.0016	0.125	0.163	0.0126	0.0005
4	0.0033	0.0018	0.125	0.164	0.0126	0.0005
5	0.0036	0.0018	0.126	0.165	0.0131	<0.0007
6	0.0036	0.0020	0.128	0.168	0.0144	
7	0.0036	0.0020	0.129	0.171	0.0146	
8	0.0037	0.0021	0.129	0.173	0.0154	
9	0.0040	0.0023	0.131	0.175	0.0161	
10	0.0040	0.0024	0.133	0.176	0.0165	
11	0.0041	0.0027		0.179	0.0176	
12	0.0052				0.0177	
Mean	0.0007	0.0000	0.127	0.169	0.0145	(0.0004)
	0.0037	0.0020	0.127	0.103	0.0143	(0.000.)
Std Dev	0.0037	0.0020	0.003	0.006	0.0022	-

Note: $C_{(95\%)}$ is the 95% half-width confidence interval derived from the equation:

 $C_{(95\%)} = (t \times SD)/\sqrt{n}$

where n is the number of available values, t is the Student's t value for n-1 degrees of freedom, and SD is the standard deviation of the test results.

Participating Laboratories

Sheffield Assay Office Laboratory Testing, Inc. Genitest, Inc.

Universal Scientific Laboratory Pty Ltd

Luo Yang Copper

Institute of Iron & Steel Technology TCR Engineering Services Ltd

Sargam Metals Pvt Ltd

Shriram Institute for Industrial Research

Laboratory TUV-Nord

De Bruyn Spectroscopic Solutions Ltd

London & Scandinavian Met Co

Laboratory Inppamet

Sheffield, England Hatfield, PA, USA Montreal, Canada Milperra, NSW, Australia Luo Yang, He Nan, China Shanghai, China

Mumbai, India Chennai, India Delhi, India

Brno, Czech Republic Johannesburg, South Africa

Rotherham, England Calama, Chile

UKAS accreditation 0012 A2LA accreditation 0117 PRI accreditation 123077 NATA accreditation 492 CNAL accreditation 0173 CNAL accreditation 0783 NABL accreditation 0367 NABL accreditation 0025 NABL accreditation 0045 CAI accreditation 1060

Note: to achieve the above-noted accreditation (eg UKAS, NATA, A2LA, etc), test houses must demonstrate conformity to the general requirements of EN ISO/IEC 17025.

Analytical Methods Used

ELEMENT	RESULT No. & METHOD					
	ICP-AES	ICP-MS	FAAS		OTHER	
Antimony	5-10, 12	-	2, 3	1, 4, 11	volumetric (bromate)	
Tin	1, 2, 4, 7, 11, 12	-	5, 6, 8, 10, 13	3, 9	photometric (phenyl fluorone)	
Bismuth	2-4, 10,12	-	5-9	1, 13	photometric (iodide)	
Selenium	1-8, 11	10	9			
Nickel	1-3, 5-9	-	4, 10-12			
Cadmium	1, 3, 5, 6, 8-11	-	2, 4, 7, 12			
Tellurium	1-6, 8, 10-12	7	9			
Silver	1, 3-6, 11	-	2, 7-10			
Arsenic	1, 4-8, 10	-	2, 3, 9			
Copper	2-4, 8, 10, 11	-	1, 5-7, 9			
Zinc	1-3, 5-7, 9-11	-	4, 8, 12			
Sulfur	5	-	-	1, 2, 4	combustion (infra-red detection)	
				3	OES	

Notes

This Certified Reference Material has been produced and certified in accordance with the requirements of ISO Guide 34-2000, ISO Guide 31-2000 and ISO Guide 35-1989, taking into account the requirements of the ISO Guide to the Expression of Uncertainty in Measurement (GUM).

The unidirectional solidification effects associated with semi-chill casting have led to the formation of inhomogeneous segregates in the rear portion of the disc. The above certification is therefore only applicable from the front face of the disc to a depth of 10mm. Material to the rear of the disc, to a depth of 5mm, is not certified.

This material is liable to superficial corrosion, and there is some possibility of microstructural changes due to recrystallisation; however, it will otherwise remain stable provided adequate precautions are taken to protect it from cross-contamination, extremes of temperature and atmospheric moisture. All production records will be retained for a period of 20 years from the date of this certificate. This certification will therefore expire in September 2028, although we reserve the right to make changes as issue revisions, in the intervening period.

This sample is also available in the form of chippings.

The manufacture, analysis and certification of this product were supervised by C Eveleigh, PhD, Technical Director, MBH Analytical Ltd.

The material to which this certificate of analysis refers is supplied subject to our general conditions of sale.